

# **BioPhase 8800 System**

# **Operator Guide**



RUO-IDV-05-8643-D April 2022

This document is provided to customers who have purchased SCIEX equipment to use in the operation of such SCIEX equipment. This document is copyright protected and any reproduction of this document or any part of this document is strictly prohibited, except as SCIEX may authorize in writing.

Software that may be described in this document is furnished under a license agreement. It is against the law to copy, modify, or distribute the software on any medium, except as specifically allowed in the license agreement. Furthermore, the license agreement may prohibit the software from being disassembled, reverse engineered, or decompiled for any purpose. Warranties are as stated therein.

Portions of this document may make reference to other manufacturers and/or their products, which may contain parts whose names are registered as trademarks and/or function as trademarks of their respective owners. Any such use is intended only to designate those manufacturers' products as supplied by SCIEX for incorporation into its equipment and does not imply any right and/or license to use or permit others to use such manufacturers' and/or their product names as trademarks.

SCIEX warranties are limited to those express warranties provided at the time of sale or license of its products and are the sole and exclusive representations, warranties, and obligations of SCIEX. SCIEX makes no other warranty of any kind whatsoever, expressed or implied, including without limitation, warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, whether arising from a statute or otherwise in law or from a course of dealing or usage of trade, all of which are expressly disclaimed, and assumes no responsibility or contingent liability, including indirect or consequential damages, for any use by the purchaser or for any adverse circumstances arising therefrom.

(GEN-IDV-09-10816-D)

For Research Use Only. Not for use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Trademarks and/or registered trademarks mentioned herein, including associated logos, are the property of AB Sciex Pte. Ltd., or their respective owners, in the United States and/or certain other countries (see sciex.com/trademarks).

AB Sciex<sup>™</sup> is being used under license.

© 2022 DH Tech. Dev. Pte. Ltd.



Leica Microsystems CMS GmbH Ernst-Leitz-Strasse 17-37 35578 Wetzlar Germany



AB Sciex Pte. Ltd.
Blk33, #04-06 Marsiling Industrial Estate Road 3
Woodlands Central Industrial Estate, Singapore 739256

# **Contents**

1 Operational Precautions and Limitations	7
General Safety Information	
Documentation Symbols and Conventions	
Regulatory Compliance	
Australia and New Zealand	
Canada	
Europe	
United States	
International	
Electrical Precautions	9
Mains Supply	9
Protective Earth Conductor	
Chemical Precautions	10
System Safe Fluids	11
Physical Precautions	12
Environmental Precautions	12
Electromagnetic Environment	12
Decommissioning and Disposal	13
UV Radiation Precautions	14
Laser Precautions	14
Qualified Personnel	14
Laboratory Conditions	15
Safe Environmental Conditions	15
Performance Specifications	15
Equipment Use and Modification	15
2 Introduction	17
Description	
Hardware Overview	
Cartridge	
The Sample Plate	
The Reagent Plate	
The Outlet Plate	
Theory of Operation	
The UV Detection System	
The Laser-Induced Fluorescence (LIF) Detection System	
Turn on the System and Log On	
Taill on the cystem and Log On	20

#### **Contents**

3 BioPhase 8800 System Front Panel	27
Front Panel: Ribbon	
Front Panel: Status	28
Front Panel: Acquisition Functions	31
Direct Control	31
Run Sequence	46
Capillary View	47
Front Panel: Management Functions	50
Log	50
Configuration	52
Configure Project and User Access	55
Calibration	55
4 Acquire Data	57
Create a New Method	57
Create a New Sequence	59
Prepare the BioPhase 8800 System	61
Load the Reagent Inlet and Outlet Plates	61
Load the Sample Inlet and Outlet Plates	63
Inspect the Capillary Cartridge	64
Install the Cartridge	65
Start the Sequence from the Front Panel	
Monitor the Run	68
Store the Cartridge After the Run	76
Store the Cartridge for Less than Three Days	76
Store the Cartridge for More than Three Days	76
Prepare the Cartridge After Storage	76
5 Analyze the Data	77
Analysis Options	77
Integrate the Peaks	77
Integration Events Added from the Graph	80
Results Table Functions	85
Identify the Peaks	87
Post-Analysis Procedures	89
Merge Peaks After Analysis	89
Groups Peaks After Analysis	
Name Peaks After Analysis	
Filter Peaks by Area After Analysis	91
6 Work with the Results	92

Review the Results on the Overlay Tab	92
Analyze Fast Glycan Data	94
System Suitability Testing	
Develop the Parameters for a System Suitability Test	
Run a System Suitability Test	
Audit and Sign the Results	103
Sign the Results	103
Revoke a Signature	103
View the Audit Trail	
Print or Save a Report	
Configure a Report	
Print a Report	
Save a Report as a PDF	108
7 Maintenance	109
Clean the Surfaces	
Add Capillary Cartridge Coolant	
Clean the Sample Lid	
Install a UV Filter	
Install a UV Lamp	117
Install the LIF Detector Filters	
Calibrate the LIF Detector	125
Replace the Fuse	126
Export the System Log	127
8 Project Management Software	129
Add a Project Folder in File Explorer	
Make a Project Available on the System	
Add a User to a Project	
Delete Access to a Project on the System	
Upload Data	
Delete a User from a Project	
Confirm Project Setup	
View the Project Management Software Version	135
0 Ouder Beste	407
9 Order Parts	
Cartridges and Parts	137
A System Specifications	
Instrument Specifications	
Detector Specifications	
UV Detector Specifications	139

#### **Contents**

(Optional) LIF Detector Specifications	
Plate Specifications	140
Sample Plate Specifications	140
Reagent Plate Specifications	
Outlet Plate Specifications	144
B Glossary of Symbols	147
C Glossary of Warnings	153
Contact Us	154
Customer Training	154
Online Learning Center	154
Purchase Supplies and Reagents	
SCIEX Support	
CyberSecurity	
Documentation	
	10 1

# Operational Precautions and Limitations

1

Note: Before operating the system, carefully read all of the sections of this guide.

This section contains general safety-related information and provides regulatory compliance information. It also describes potential hazards and associated warnings for the system and the precautions that should be taken to minimize the hazards.

In addition to this section, for information about the symbols used in the laboratory environment, on the system, and in this documentation, refer to the section: Glossary of Symbols. For site requirements, refer to the document: *Site Planning Guide*.

# **General Safety Information**

To prevent personal injury or system damage, read, understand, and obey all of the safety precautions and warnings in this document, the manufacturer chemical safety data sheets (SDSs), and product label information. Labels are shown with internationally recognized symbols. Failure to heed these warnings could result in serious injury.

This safety information is intended to supplement federal, state, provincial, and local environmental health and safety (EHS) regulations. It does not cover every safety procedure that should be practiced. Ultimately, the user and the organization are responsible for compliance with federal, state, provincial, and local EHS regulations and for maintaining a safe laboratory environment.

Refer to the appropriate laboratory reference material and standard operating procedures.

# **Documentation Symbols and Conventions**

The following symbols and conventions are used throughout the guide.



DANGER! Danger signifies an action that leads to severe injury or death.



WARNING! Warning signifies an action that could cause personal injury if precautions are not followed.

CAUTION: Caution signifies an operation that could cause damage to the system or corruption or loss of data if precautions are not followed.

**Note:** Note emphasizes significant information in a procedure or description.

**Tip!** Tip provides useful information that helps apply the techniques and procedures in the text for a specific need and provides shortcuts, but is not essential to the completion of a procedure.

# **Regulatory Compliance**

This system complies with the regulations and standards listed in this section. For dated references, refer to the *Declaration of Conformity* included with the system and the individual system components. Applicable labels have been affixed to the system.

#### Australia and New Zealand

- Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC): Radio Communications Act 1992 as implemented in these standards:
  - Electromagnetic Interference—AS/NZS CISPR 11/ EN 55011/ CISPR 11 (Class A). Refer to the section: Electromagnetic Interference.

#### Canada

- **Electromagnetic Interference (EMI):** CAN/CSA CISPR11. This ISM device complies with Canadian ICES-001. Refer to the section: **Electromagnetic Interference**.
- · Safety:
  - CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 61010-1

## **Europe**

- Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC): Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2014/30/EU as implemented in these standards:
  - EN 61326-1
  - EN 55011 (Class A)

Refer to the section: Electromagnetic Compatibility.

- Safety: Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC as implemented in these standards:
  - EN 61010-1
- Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE): Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive 2012/96/EEC, as implemented in EN 40519. Refer to the section: Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment.

- Packaging and Packaging Waste (PPW): Packaging and Packaging Waste Directive 94/62/EC
- RoHS Restriction of Hazardous Substances: RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU and 2015/863/EU

#### **United States**

- Radio Emissions Interference Regulations: 47 CFR 15, as implemented in FCC Part 15 (Class A)
- Safety: Occupational Safety and Health Regulations, 29 CFR 1910, as implemented in these standards:
  - UL 61010-1

#### International

- Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC):
  - IEC 61326-1
  - IEC CISPR 11 (Class A)

Refer to the section: Electromagnetic Compatibility.

- Safety:
  - IEC 61010-1

## **Electrical Precautions**



WARNING! Electrical Shock Hazard. Do not remove the covers. Removing the covers might cause injury or malfunctioning of the system. The covers need not be removed for routine maintenance, inspection, or adjustment. Contact a SCIEX Field Service Employee (FSE) for repairs that require the covers to be removed.

- Follow required electrical safe work practices.
- Use cable management practices to control electrical cables. This will decrease the chance of a tripping hazard.

For information about system electrical specifications, refer to the document: *Site Planning Guide*.

#### **Mains Supply**

Connect the system to a compatible mains supply as instructed in this guide.



WARNING! Electrical Shock Hazard. Use only qualified personnel for the installation of all of the electrical supplies and fixtures, and make sure that all of the installations adhere to local regulations and safety standards.



WARNING! Electrical Shock Hazard. Use only the mains supply cables supplied with the system. Do not use mains supply cables that are not properly rated for the operation of this system.



WARNING! Electrical Shock Hazard. Make sure that the system can be disconnected from the mains supply in an emergency by disconnecting the mains supply cable from the mains supply inlet at the back of the system. Do not block the back of the system.

#### **Protective Earth Conductor**

The mains supply must include a correctly installed protective earth conductor. The protective earth conductor must be installed or examined by a qualified electrician before the system is connected.



WARNING! Electrical Shock Hazard. Do not intentionally interrupt the protective earth conductor. Any interruption of the protective earth conductor creates an electrical shock hazard.

## **Chemical Precautions**





WARNING! Ionizing Radiation Hazard, Biohazard, or Toxic Chemical Hazard. Determine whether decontamination is required before cleaning or maintenance. If radioactive materials, biological agents, or toxic chemicals have been used with the system, then the customer must decontaminate the system before cleaning or maintenance.



WARNING! Environmental Hazard. Do not dispose of system components in municipal waste. Follow local regulations when disposing of components.

- Determine which chemicals have been used in the system prior to service and regular maintenance. For the health and safety precautions that must be followed for a chemical, refer to the document: Safety Data Sheet. For storage information, refer to the document: Certificate of Analysis. To find a SCIEX Safety Data Sheet or Certificate of Analysis, go to sciex.com/tech-regulatory.
- Always wear assigned personal protective equipment, including powder-free gloves, safety glasses, and a laboratory coat.

Note: Nitrile or neoprene gloves are recommended.

- Work in a well-ventilated area or fume hood.
- Avoid ignition sources when working with flammable materials, such as isopropanol, methanol, and other flammable solvents.
- Take care in the use and disposal of any chemicals. There is a potential risk of personal injury if proper procedures for handling and disposal of chemicals are not followed.
- Avoid skin contact with chemicals during cleaning, and wash hands after use.
- Collect all spent liquids and dispose of them as hazardous waste.
- Comply with all of the local regulations for the storage, handling, and disposal of biohazardous, toxic, and radioactive materials.

## **System Safe Fluids**

CAUTION: Potential System Damage. Do not use any other fluid until confirmation is received from SCIEX that it does not present a hazard. This is not an exhaustive list.

CAUTION: Potential System Damage. Do not use organic solvents, such as methanol or acetone, to clean the capillary window. Organic solvents can dissolve the adhesives, leaving residue on the capillary window that might interfere with the detector.

Any substance in a BioPhase 8800 analysis kit, or referenced in an *Application Guide*, can safely be used with the system. In addition, the following fluids can also be used with the system. To determine compatibility with other chemicals, contact sciex.com/request-support.

#### Acids and Bases

The pH range is from 2 to 12.

- Acetic acid, up to 10%
- NaOH, up to 1 M
- HCl, up to 1 M

#### Reagents

· CE Grade Water

# **Physical Precautions**



WARNING! Lifting Hazard. Use a mechanical lifting device to lift and move the CE system. If the CE system must be moved manually, then at least four people are required to move the system safely. Follow established safe lifting procedures. We recommend the use of a professional moving service.

## **Environmental Precautions**

Use qualified personnel for the installation of electrical mains, heating, ventilation, and plumbing supplies and fixtures. Make sure that all of the installations comply with local bylaws and biohazard regulations. For information about the required environmental conditions for the system, refer to the document: *Site Planning Guide*.

Allow access space around the equipment when setting up the system.



WARNING! Biohazard. For biohazardous material use, always comply with local regulations for hazard assessment, control, and handling. This system or any part is not intended to act as a biological containment.



WARNING! Environmental Hazard. Follow established procedures for disposal of biohazardous, toxic, radioactive, and electronic waste. The customer is responsible for disposal of hazardous substances, including chemicals, waste oils, and electrical components, in accordance with local laws and regulations.

# **Electromagnetic Environment Electromagnetic Compatibility**

**Basic Electromagnetic Environment:** Environment existing at locations characterized by being supplied directly at low voltage from the public mains network.

The equipment is intended for use in a basic electromagnetic environment.

Make sure that a compatible electromagnetic environment for the equipment can be maintained so that the device will operate as intended. If the power supply line is subject to high electrical noise, then install a surge protector.

## **Electromagnetic Interference**

**Group 1 Equipment:** This equipment is classified as industrial, scientific, and medical (ISM) equipment that might use RF energy for internal operation.

**Class A Equipment:** Equipment which is suitable for use in all establishments other than domestic and those directly connected to a low voltage power supply network which supplies buildings used for domestic purposes. [Derived from CISPR 11:2009, 5.3] Class A equipment shall meet Class A limits.

CAUTION: Potential Radio Interference. This equipment is not intended for use in residential environments and may not provide adequate protection to radio reception in such environments.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC (Federal Communications Commission) Compliance Rules.

These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the operator's manual, can cause harmful interference to radio communications.

Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case you will be required to correct the interference, at your own expense. Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the manufacturer could void your authority to operate the equipment.

## **Decommissioning and Disposal**



WARNING! Environmental Hazard. Follow established procedures for disposal of biohazardous, toxic, radioactive, and electronic waste. The customer is responsible for disposal of hazardous substances, including chemicals, waste oils, and electrical components, in accordance with local laws and regulations.

Before decommissioning, decontaminate the entire system following local regulations.

When removing the system from service, separate and recycle different materials according to national and local environmental regulations.

**Note:** SCIEX will not accept any system returns without a completed Decontamination Form. Contact an FSE to obtain a copy of the form.

Do not dispose of system components or subassemblies, including computer parts, as unsorted municipal waste.

## **Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment**

Follow local municipal waste ordinances for proper disposal provisions to reduce the environmental impact of waste, electrical, and electronic equipment (WEEE). To safely dispose

of this equipment, contact a local Customer Service office for complimentary equipment pick-up and recycling.

## **UV Radiation Precautions**

WARNING! Ultraviolet Radiation Hazard. Avoid exposure to direct or reflected UV radiation. Ultraviolet radiation is harmful to the eyes and skin. Do not operate the UV source without required system safety interlocks.

## **Laser Precautions**

This section is applicable for systems that have a laser-induced fluorescence (LIF) detection system.



WARNING! Laser Hazard. Follow all local codes, regulations, standards and internal requirements applicable to laser safety.



WARNING! Laser Hazard. Using equipment and controls or performing procedures in a manner different from that documented in this manual might result in hazardous laser radiation exposure.



WARNING! Personal Injury Hazard. Do not look directly into the anticipated path of the laser beam or at any specular reflections of the laser beam. Invisible ultraviolet radiation from the laser can cause injury to the eyes.



WARNING! Personal Injury Hazard. Do not remove the outer cover of the laser assembly. If the cover is not present, then exposure to potentially harmful laser radiation is possible.

The LIF detection system contains a Class I laser system in a sealed module. The module contains an embedded laser "Class 3B" laser component. The "3B" classification means that direct intrabeam viewing of this type of laser is always hazardous to personnel.

The laser assembly contains the laser and several other components in a sealed housing, and has no user-serviceable parts. Service of the laser assembly is restricted to qualified SCIEX Field Service Employees (FSE). Therefore, the overall laser classification of the system is Class 1, defined as lasers that are safe under reasonably foreseable conditions of operation.

## **Qualified Personnel**

Only qualified SCIEX personnel shall install, inspect, and service the equipment. After installing the system, the Field Service Employee (FSE) uses the *Installation Qualification* to orient the

customer on system operation, cleaning, and basic maintenance. SCIEX might not cover the damage to a system under warranty if it is serviced by personnel not authorized by SCIEX.

# **Laboratory Conditions**

#### Safe Environmental Conditions

The system is designed to operate safely under these conditions:

- Indoors
- Altitude: Up to 2,000 m (6,560 ft) above sea level
- Ambient temperature: 15 °C (59 °F) to 40 °C (104 °F)
- Relative humidity: 20% to 80%, non-condensing
- Mains supply voltage fluctuations: ± 10% of the nominal voltage
- Transient overvoltages: Up to the levels of Overvoltage Category II
- Temporary overvoltages on the mains supply
- Pollution Degree 2

#### **Performance Specifications**

The system is designed to meet specifications under these conditions:

- An ambient temperature of 15 °C to 30 °C (59 °F to 86 °F)
  - Over time, the temperature must remain within a range of 4  $^{\circ}$ C (7.2  $^{\circ}$ F), with the rate of the change in temperature not exceeding 2  $^{\circ}$ C (3.6  $^{\circ}$ F) per hour. Ambient temperature fluctuations exceeding the limits might result in shifts in migration time.
- Relative humidity from 30% to 70%, noncondensing.

# **Equipment Use and Modification**



WARNING! Electrical Shock Hazard. Do not remove the covers. Removing the covers might cause injury or malfunctioning of the system. The covers need not be removed for routine maintenance, inspection, or adjustment. Contact a SCIEX Field Service Employee (FSE) for repairs that require the covers to be removed.



WARNING! Personal Injury Hazard. Use SCIEX-recommended parts only. Use of parts not recommended by SCIEX or use of parts for any purpose other than their intended purpose can put the user at risk of harm or negatively impact system performance.

#### **Operational Precautions and Limitations**



WARNING! Lifting Hazard. Use a mechanical lifting device to lift and move the CE system. If the CE system must be moved manually, then at least four people are required to move the system safely. Follow established safe lifting procedures. We recommend the use of a professional moving service.

Use the system indoors in a laboratory that complies with the environmental conditions recommended in the *Site Planning Guide* or contact an FSE.

If the system is used in an environment or in a manner not prescribed by the manufacturer, then the performance and protection provided by the equipment might be impaired.

Unauthorized modification or operation of the system might cause personal injury and equipment damage, and might void the warranty. Erroneous data might be generated if the system is operated outside the recommended environmental conditions or with unauthorized modifications. Contact an FSE for information on servicing the system.

Introduction 2

This guide describes the basic operation, troubleshooting, and maintenance of the BioPhase 8800 system. Read this guide thoroughly before using the product, and operate the product in accordance with the instructions in this guide.

This guide provides safety instructions and precautions to make sure that the user operates the system safely. Obey all Warning and Caution instructions provided in this guide.

## **Description**

The BioPhase 8800 system is an eight-channel capillary electrophoresis system capable of performing separation for up to 96 samples without user intervention.

The BioPhase 8800 system includes the following:

- A touchscreen on the front panel
- A UV source and detector
- (Optional) A 488 nm laser and a LIF detection system
- The BioPhase software to create methods and sequences for data acquisition
- The BioPhase Analysis software for data analysis

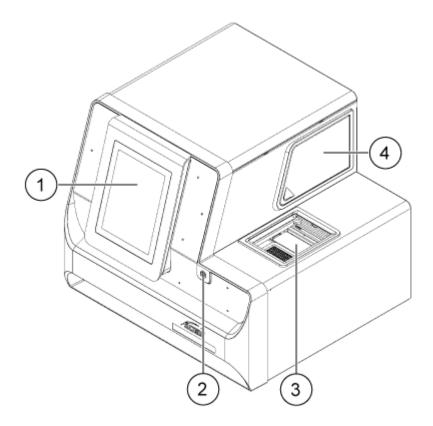
A computer and monitor are required for method and sequence development and data processing. A computer can be purchased from SCIEX or customers can supply their own. For computer specifications and requirements, refer to the *Site Planning Guide* or *BioPhase Software Release Notes*.

The system uses pre-assembled cartridges, containing either eight bare-fused silica or eight neutral capillaries.

SCIEX offers analysis kits designed to operate with the BioPhase 8800 system. The kits include reagents and sample and reagent plates.

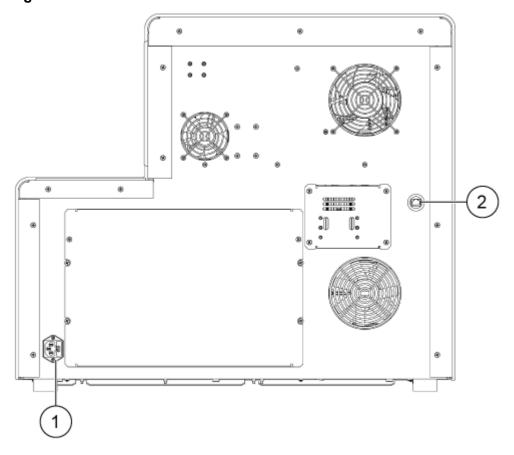
## **Hardware Overview**

Figure 2-1 Front and Side Panel, with Plate Compartment Open



Item	Description
1	Front panel
2	Power button
3	Plate compartment with door open
4	Optics door

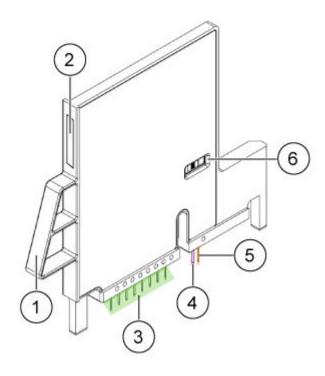
Figure 2-2 Back Panel



Item	Description
1	Mains supply connection and fuse holder
2	RJ-45 network connector

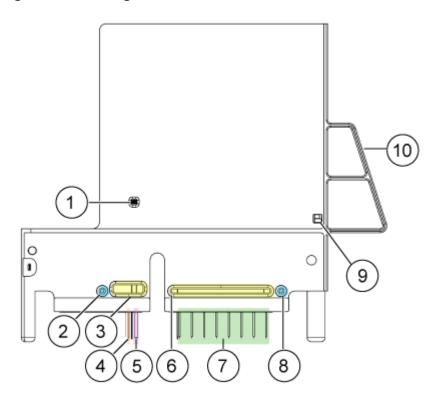
# Cartridge

Figure 2-3 Cartridge Front



Item	Description
1	Handle
2	Serial number label
3	Capillary inlets
4	Capillary outlet
5	Electrode
6	Capillary window and aperture

Figure 2-4 Cartridge Back



Item	Description
1	Capillary window and aperture
2	Pressure outlet port
3	Coolant outlet port
4	Electrode
5	Capillary outlet
6	Coolant inlet port
7	Capillary inlets (from left to right, capillaries A to H)
8	Pressure inlet port
9	ID chip
10	Handle

#### **Available Cartridges**

The BioPhase 8800 cartridge is available with eight capillaries in the following configurations:

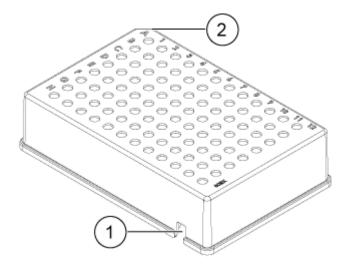
- 50 μm i.d. × 30 cm bare-fused silica capillaries
- 50 µm i.d. × 30 cm neutral capillaries

#### The Sample Plate

The BioPhase 8800 system uses a 96-well sample plate.

To configure the plate for use in an automated liquid-handling system, refer to the section: Plate Specifications.

Figure 2-5 Sample Plate

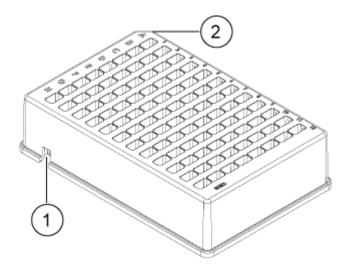


Item	Description
1	Alignment notch
2	Chamfered corner

## The Reagent Plate

To configure the plate for use in an automated liquid-handling system, refer to the section: Plate Specifications.

Figure 2-6 Reagent Plate

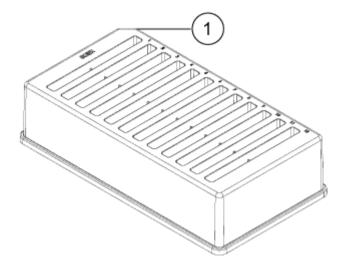


Item	Description
1	Alignment notch
2	Chamfered corner

## **The Outlet Plate**

To configure the plate for use in an automated liquid-handling system, refer to the section: Plate Specifications.

Figure 2-7 Outlet Plate



Item	Description
1	Chamfered corner

## **Theory of Operation**

Capillary electrophoresis (CE) is a technology to separate and quantify sample components. In CE methods, analytes migrate through electrolyte solutions under the influence of an electric field. Analytes can be separated according to mobility or partitioning into an alternate phase by noncovalent interactions. Additionally, analytes can be concentrated or "focused" by means of conductivity or pH gradients.

Data acquisition on the BioPhase 8800 system is started using a touchscreen on the front panel of the instrument. The BioPhase software is used to develop methods and sequences and to analyze the acquired data. The software can be installed on a local computer that is directly connected to the instrument or on a computer that is connected to the system over a network.

## The UV Detection System

The UV detection system includes an ultraviolet light source, wavelength filters, and a photodiode detector.

The UV source is a deuterium lamp with a wavelength range from 190 nm to 400 nm. Two lenses focus and direct the output of the lamp through one of the wavelength-selecting filters. The beam continues through the aperture in the cartridge and then through the detection window, which is a section of the capillary that has been treated to remove the polyimide coating. The transmitted beam continues to the photodiode. The light signal is converted to an electrical signal, digitized, and then sent to the software for processing.

The filter holder has space for two filters. The BioPhase 8800 system is shipped with two 25 nm bandwidth filters: 220 nm and 280 nm.

#### The Laser-Induced Fluorescence (LIF) Detection System

The LIF detection system is an optional component.

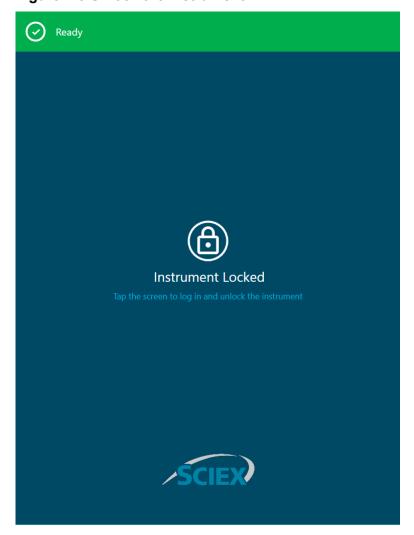
The LIF detection system uses a solid-state 488 nm laser light source. The excitation light is transmitted from the laser to the capillaries in the cartridge. Substances in the capillary that fluoresce at the laser wavelength are detected. The LIF detector measures and records this fluorescence, which is shown as a peak on the electropherogram. The 520 nm emission filter is provided with the instrument.

# Turn on the System and Log On

For the log in access, the customer will receive the instructions about the domain isolator and the Project Management software. The customer is required to add their name in the Project Name in the Project Management software to log onto the front panel.

- 1. Press the power button on the front of the system.
- 2. From the front panel, touch the screen to unlock the instrument and view the front panel log-in screen.

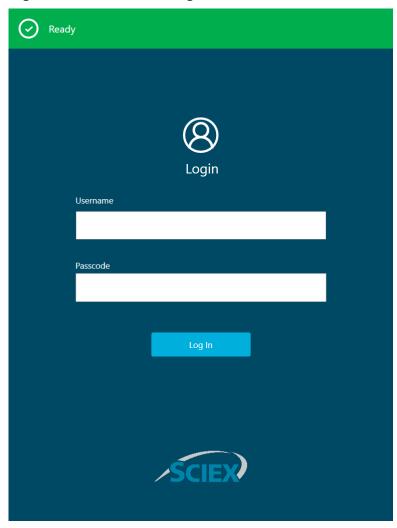
Figure 2-8 Unlock the Instrument



3. Log in to the BioPhase 8800 system front panel.

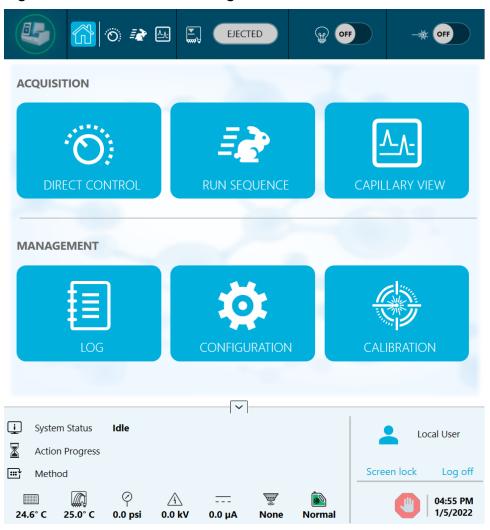
Note: The user can login with same username and passcode as their local computer.

Figure 2-9 Front Panel Login



This section describes the ribbon, status panel, and functions available in the Acquisition and Management groups on the front panel home page of BioPhase 8800 system.

Figure 3-1 Front Panel Home Page



## **Front Panel: Ribbon**

**Figure 3-2 Ribbon Functions** 

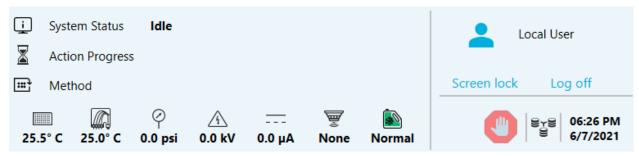


Item	Description
1	Touch to view light sources usage and software version details, and to turn power to the instrument off.
2	Touch to view the home page.
3	Touch to view the Direct Control functions.
4	Touch to view the Run Sequence functions.
5	Touch to view the most recently collected data acquired by the system.
6	Shows the cartridge status.
	Note: The icon changes to green when the cartridge is loaded.
7	Touch to change the cartridge status to LOADED or EJECTED.
8	Touch to turn the UV lamp <b>ON</b> or <b>OFF</b> .
	<b>Note:</b> After the lamp is turned on, a timer counts down from 30 minutes, indicating the remaining time before the lamp is ready.
9	Touch to turn the LIF laser <b>ON</b> or <b>OFF</b> .
	<b>Note:</b> After the laser is turned on, a timer counts down from 15 minutes, indicating the remaining time before the lamp is ready. The LIF laser button is disabled if the LIF detection system is not installed on the instrument.

# **Front Panel: Status**

The status panel at the bottom of the front panel shows the system information and status.

**Figure 3-3 Front Panel Status** 



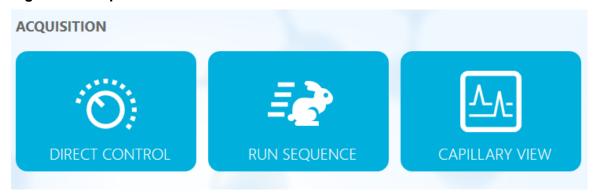
Item	Description
	Shows the system status.
$\mathbb{Z}$	Shows the progress status of the current method.
<b>=</b>	Shows the method name.
24.8° C	Shows the sample storage temperature.
25.0° C	Shows the cartridge temperature.
<ul><li>✓</li><li>0.0 psi</li></ul>	Shows the pressure.
0.0 kV	Shows the voltage of the capillaries.
 0.0 μA	Shows the current of the capillary.
<b>W</b> None	Shows the detector type.

#### **BioPhase 8800 System Front Panel**

Item	Description
	Shows the coolant level.
Normal	<b>Note:</b> Green indicates an acceptable level, yellow indicates a low level, and red indicates that the coolant is empty. The system will not operate if the icon is red.
•	If an error occurred during the run, then this icon is shown.
Local User	Shows the name of the current user.
Screen lock	Touch to lock the front panel touchscreen.
Log off	Touch to log off.
	Touch to stop the sequence.
06:45 PM 6/7/2021	Shows the sequence time and date.

# **Front Panel: Acquisition Functions**

**Figure 3-4 Acquisition Functions** 



Item	Description
Direct Control	Touch to view the options for manual control of the instrument. Refer to the section: Direct Control.
Run Sequence	Touch to view the Run Sequence functions. Refer to the section: Start the Sequence from the Front Panel.
Capillary View	Touch to view the electropherograms and auxillary channels in tile or overlay view for the detector, current, pressure, and voltage. Refer to the section: Capillary View.

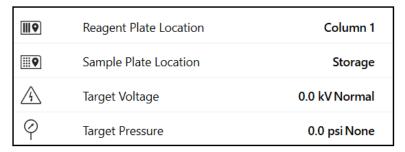
## **Direct Control**

This section describes the Direct Control functions on the front panel of the BioPhase 8800 system.

**Figure 3-5 Direct Control Window** 



**Figure 3-6 Information** 



Label	Description
Reagent Plate Location	Shows the location of the reagent plate.
	Note: When the cartridge is located at the reagent plate, the plate column position is identified.

Label	Description
Sample Plate Location	Shows the location of the sample plate.
	Note: When the cartridge is located at the sample plate, the plate column position is identified.
Target Voltage	Shows the target voltage in kV.
Target Pressure	Shows the target pressure in psi.

**Table 3-1 Direct Control Functions** 

Item	Description
Set Temperature	Touch to view or edit the temperature parameters. Refer to the section: Set Temperature.
o-⊚-o o o o o Direct Settings	Touch to view or edit the direct settings parameters. Refer to the section: Direct Settings
Rinse	Touch to view or edit the pressure rinse parameters. Refer to the section: Rinse.
Inject	Touch to view or edit the voltage inject and pressure inject parameters. Refer to the section: Inject.
<b>← →</b> Separate	Touch to view or edit the voltage separation parameters. Refer to the section: Separate.
Eject Sample	Touch to eject the sample plates. Refer to the section: Load or Eject Plates.

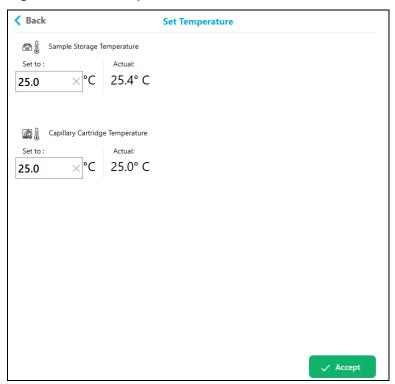
**Table 3-1 Direct Control Functions (continued)** 

Item	Description
Eject Reagent	Touch to eject the reagent plates. Refer to the section: Load or Eject Plates.
Transport Home	Touch to change the reagent plate location. Refer to the section: Transport Home.
Wavelength Settings	Touch to view or edit the wavelength settings parameters. Refer to the section: Wavelength Settings.
Cartridge Info	Touch to view or edit the cartridge information parameters. Refer to the section: Cartridge Info.

#### **Set Temperature**

Use the Set Temperature section to adjust the temperature for the sample storage and the capillary cartridge.

Figure 3-7 Set Temperature

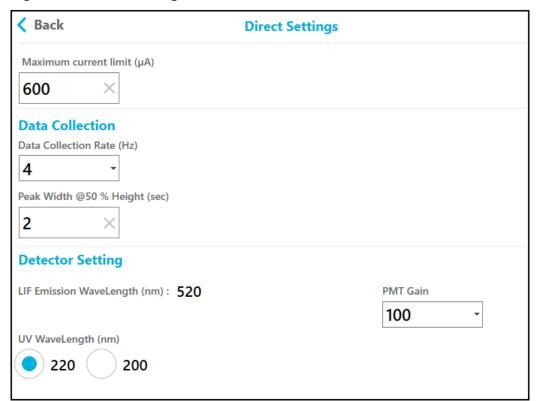


Label	Description
< Back	Touch to return to the Direct Control window.
Sample Storage Temperature	Touch to set the temperature value from 4 °C to 37 °C. The actual temperature in °C shows on the right.
Capillary Cartridge Temperature	Touch to set the temperature value from 15 °C to 40 °C. The actual temperature in °C shows on the right.
Accept	Touch to accept all the changes.

## **Direct Settings**

Use the Direct Settings section lets to adjust the maximum current limit, data collection rate, and peak width.

**Figure 3-8 Direct Settings** 



Label	Description	
< Back	Touch to return to the Direct Control window.	
Maximum current limit (μA)	Touch to set the maximum current limit value in the 10 μA to 600 μA range.	
Data Collection		
Data Collection Rate (Hz)	Select a value to set the data collection rate from the list. The values shown in the list are 1 Hz, 2 Hz, 4 Hz and 8 Hz for UV light source and 2 Hz, 4 Hz, 8 Hz and 10 Hz for LIF light source.	
Peak Width (sec)	Touch to set the peak width value in the 1 to 20 sec range.	
Detector Setting		
LIF Emission Wavelength	Shows the LIF emission filter wavelength value in nm.	
(nm)	To set the wavelength, refer to the topic: Wavelength Settings.	

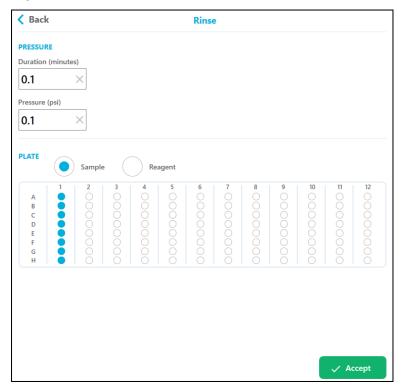
Label	Description
UV Wavelength (nm)	Touch to set the UV wavelength value in nm.
PMT Gain	Touch to set the PMT Gain value from the list.

#### Rinse

Use the Rinse section to set the pressure and other parameters for a sample and reagent pressure rinse.

**Note:** Before doing the rise, make sure that the volume in the inlet plates is sufficient.

Figure 3-9 Rinse



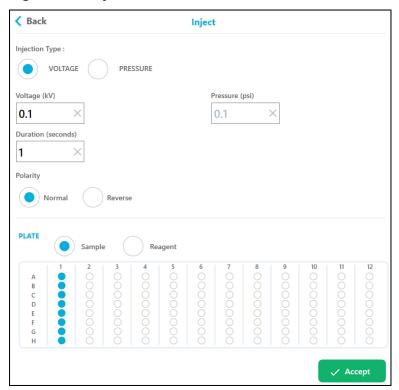
Label	Description
< Back	Touch to return to the Direct Control window.
Pressure	
Duration (minutes)	Touch to set the duration, in minutes.

Label	Description
Pressure (psi)	Touch to set the pressure, in psi.
Plate	Touch to select the plate type. Options are <b>Sample</b> and <b>Reagent</b> .
Plate Columns	Select the plate column.
Accept	Touch to accept all of the changes.

## Inject

Use the Inject section to set the voltage, pressure, and other parameters for a sample injection.

Figure 3-10 Inject



Label	Description
< Back	Touch to return to the Direct Control window.
Injection Type: VOLTAGE	

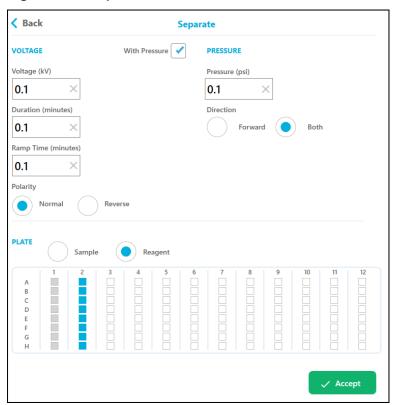
Label	Description
Voltage (kV)	Touch to set the voltage, in kV.
Duration (seconds)	Touch to set the duration, in seconds.
Polarity	Touch to set the polarity. Options are <b>Normal</b> and <b>Reverse</b> .
Injection Type: PRESSURE	
Pressure (psi)	Touch to set the pressure, in psi.
Duration (seconds)	Touch to set the duration, in seconds.
Plate	Touch to select the plate type. Options are <b>Sample</b> and <b>Reagent</b> .
(Plate Columns)	Select the plate column.
Accept	Touch to accept all of the changes and start the injection.

## **Separate**

Use the Separate section to set the voltage, pressure, and other parameters for a separation.

**Note:** This data is only for review and cannot be stored or retrieved after the action.

Figure 3-11 Separate



Label	Description
< Back	Touch to return to the Direct Control window.
Voltage	•
Voltage (kV)	Touch to set the voltage value, in kV.
Duration (minutes)	Touch to set the duration value, in minutes.
Ramp Time (minutes)	Touch to set the ramp time value, in minutes.
Polarity	Touch to set the polarity. Options are <b>Normal</b> and <b>Reverse</b> .
With Pressure	Touch to apply pressure to the capillary while high voltage is applied.
Pressure (psi)	Touch to set the pressure value, in psi.
Direction	Touch to select the direction. Options are <b>Forward</b> and <b>Both</b> .

Label	Description
Plate	Touch to select the plate type used for the voltage separation. Options are <b>Sample</b> and <b>Reagent</b> .
Plate Columns	Select the plate column.
Accept	Touch to accept all of the changes and start the separation.

#### **Load or Eject Plates**

From the Direct Control window, the user can load or eject the sample and reagent plates.

Figure 3-12 Load or Eject the Plates









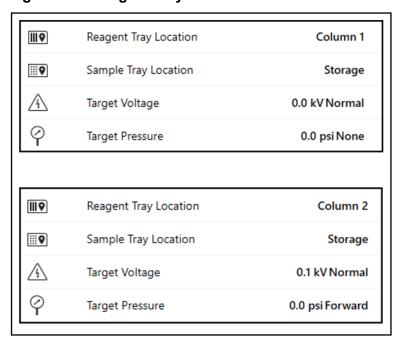
Label	Description
Eject/Load Reagent	Touch to load or eject the reagent plate.
Eject/Load Sample	Touch to load or eject the sample plate.

**Note:** The icon shows a down arrow when no plate is installed, and changes automatically to an up arrow when a plate is installed.

## **Transport Home**

Use the Transport Home to move the reagent and sample plates to the home position. Touch **Transport Home** to move the reagent plate to the home position (Column 1) and the sample plate to the storage position.

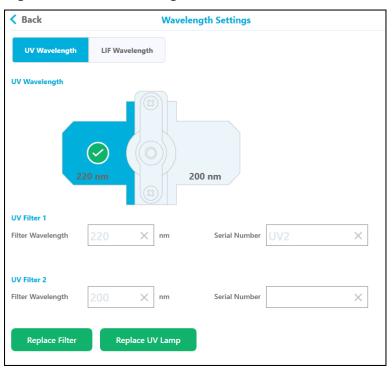
Figure 3-13 Reagent Tray Location



## **Wavelength Settings**

Use the Wavelength Settings section to set the UV and LIF filter wavelength. The user can also replace the UV lamp, UV filter, and LIF filter.

Figure 3-14 UV Wavelength



Label	Description
< Back	Touch to return to the Direct Control window.
UV Filter 1	
Filter Wavelength	Touch to set the filter wavelength value, from 200 nm to 400 nm.
Serial Number	Touch to set the serial number.
UV Filter 2	
Filter Wavelength	Touch to set the wavelength value, from 200 nm to 400 nm.
Serial Number	Touch to set the serial number.
Done	After completing the operation, touch <b>Done</b> to return to the Direct Control window.
Replace Filter	Refer to the section: Install a UV Filter.

Label	Description
Replace UV Lamp	Refer to the section: Install a UV Lamp.

Figure 3-15 LIF Wavelength



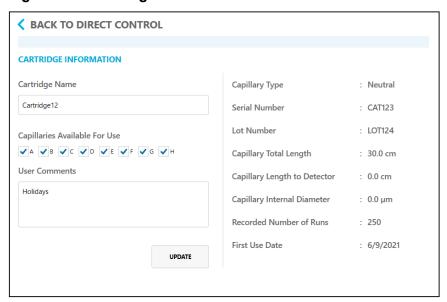
Label	Description		
< Back	Touch to return to the Direct Control window.		
Excitation Wavelength			
Wavelength	The wavelength is obtained from the laser on the system.		
Emission Wavelength	Emission Wavelength		
Filter Wavelength	Touch to set the wavelength from 300 nm to 700 nm.		
Serial Number	Touch to set the serial number.		
Done	After completing the operation, touch <b>Done</b> to return to the Direct Control window.		
Replace Filter	Refer to the section: Install the LIF Detector Filters.		

## **Cartridge Info**

Use the Cartridge Info window to view or edit the capillary cartridge information.

**Note:** For some cartridges, the user comments cannot be saved and the **Update** button is disabled.

Figure 3-16 Cartridge Info



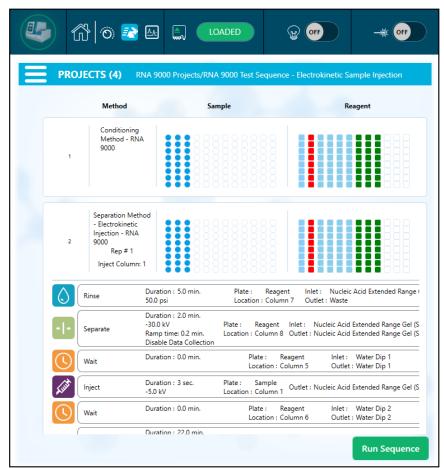
Label	Description
< BACK TO DIRECT CONTROL	Touch to return to the Direct Control window.
Cartridge Name	Touch to edit the cartridge name.
Capillaries Available For Use	Touch the check box to select or unselect the capillaries available for use.
User Comments	Touch to type or edit the comment.
Update	Touch to update all the changes.
Capillary Type	Shows the capillary type.
Serial Number	Shows the serial number.
Lot Number	Shows the lot number.
Capillary Total Length	Shows the total length of the capillary, in cm.

Label	Description
Capillary Length to Detector	Shows the length of the capillary to the detector, in cm.
Capillary Internal Diameter	Shows the diameter of the capillary to the detector, in µm.
Recorded Number of Runs	Shows the recorded number of runs.
First Use Date	Shows the first date that the cartridge was used.

## **Run Sequence**

Use the Run Sequence section to run the sequence for the selected method. Refer to the section: Monitor the Run.

Figure 3-17 Run Sequence



**Table 3-2 Run Sequence Functions** 

Item	Description
*	Shows the method settings.
	Shows the rinse action parameters.
List	Shows the inject action parameters.
	Shows the sequence wait action parameter.
- -	Shows the separate action parameters.

## **Capillary View**

Use this section to view the electropherograms and auxillary channels in tile or overlay view for the detector, current, pressure, and voltage.

Figure 3-18 Capillary Tile View





Figure 3-19 Capillary Overlay View

Label	Description
View All	Touch to show all graphs from A through H.
A through H	Touch to show a specific graph.
Tile	Touch <b>Tile</b> to show all of the selected graphs from A through H.
Overlay	Touch <b>Overlay</b> to show all of the graphs overlaid on a single graph. Use two fingers to zoom in or out to view the electropherogram.
Detector	Touch to see the absorbance, in AU, for the UV detector or fluorescence, in RFU, for the LIF detector, over time in mm:ss.
Current	Touch to see the current, in µA, over time, in mm:ss.

Label	Description
Mixed	Touch to see the Detector and Current windows side by side.

# **Front Panel: Management Functions**

**Figure 3-20 Management Functions** 



Item	Description
Log	Touch to view the front panel log. Refer to the section: Log.
Configuration	Touch to view the front panel configuration features. The configuration button is disabled for the users without administrative access. Refer to the section: Configuration.
Calibration	Touch to view the front panel LIF calibration features. Refer to the section: Calibration.

## Log

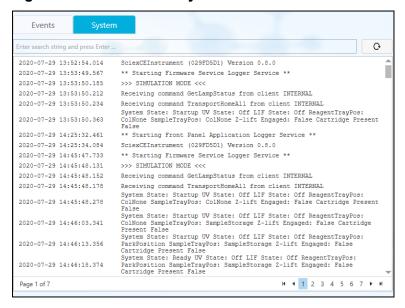
This section describes the front panel log functions.

**Figure 3-21 Front Panel Events Tab** 



Label	Description
Initialize System	Touch to initialize the front panel system.
	Note: The front panel status area shows a red exclamation icon if an error occurs during the run. To re-initialize the system, touch Initialize System.
X	Touch to remove the log message.

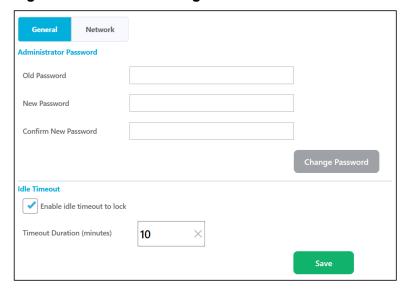
Figure 3-22 Front Panel System Tab



### Configuration

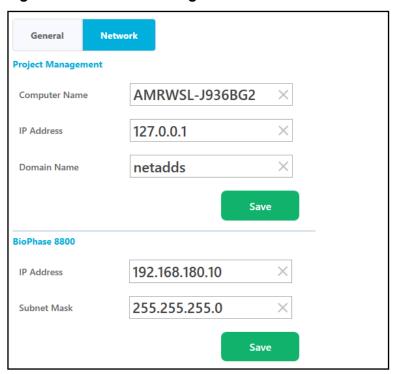
A user with administrative privileges can use this section to access reset the password, enable idle timeout to lock and configure the duration of the timeout on the General tab, and configure the Domain Isolator and BioPhase 8800 information on the Network tab.

Figure 3-23 General Configuration



Label	Description	
Administrator Password		
Old Password	Touch to set the current password.	
New Password	Touch to set the new password.	
Confirm New Password	Touch to set the new password for confirmation.	
Change Password	Touch to confirm the password change request.	
Idle Timeout		
Enable idle timeout to lock	Touch the check box to enable the idle screen lock. This feature automatically lock sthe idle front panel screen after the selected timeout duration.	
Timeout Duration	Touch to set the timeout duration in minutes to set the idle front panel screen lock time.	
Save	Touch to save changes.	

**Figure 3-24 Network Configuration** 



Note: Incorrect network configuration information will cause front panel login failure.

Label	Description
Domain Isolator	
Computer Name	Touch to set the computer name.
IP Address	Touch to set the IP address.
Domain Name	Touch to set the domain name.
Save	Touch to save changes.
BioPhase 8800	
IP Address	Touch to set the IP address.
Subnet Mask	Touch to set the subnet mask.
Save	Touch to save changes.

### **Configure Project and User Access**

To make projects available to users on the BioPhase 8800 system, change the system configuration settings.

**Note:** The username and passcodes given below are the defaults. They might have been changed.

- 1. On the BioPhase 8800 system front panel, in the Login dialog:
  - a. In the Username field, type admin.
  - b. In the Passcode field, type password.
  - c. Touch Log In.
- 2. Touch Configuration.
- 3. From the Network pane, type the required information in the **Computer Name**, **IP Address**, and **Domain Name** fields.

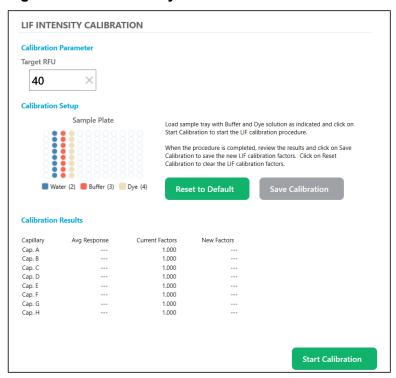
**Note:** For a local computer configuration, the computer name is also used as the domain name.

- Touch Save.
- 5. Touch Log off.

#### **Calibration**

Use this section to start the LIF intensity calibration procedure. The user can save new LIF intensity calibration factors or reset existing calibrations to clear the saved LIF intensity calibration factors.

Figure 3-25 LIF Intensity Calibration



Label	Description
Calibration Parameter	
Target RFU	Touch to set the target RFU value.
Calibration Setup	
Reset to Default	Touch to reset the calibration factors to the default value.
Save Calibration	Touch to save the new calibration factors.
Calibration Results	<ul> <li>Average Response: Shows the actual relative fluorescence units of each capillary in the cartridge for the LIF test mix.</li> <li>Current Factors: Shows the current normalization factors. The default value for current normalization factors is 1.000.</li> </ul>
	New Factors: Shows the new normalization factor values.
Start Calibration	Touch to start the calibration.

Acquire Data 4

Data acquisition is started from the front panel on the system. A sequence is required to acquire data. A sequence contains a list of samples, their positions in the sample plate, and the associated methods, which contain instructions for the BioPhase 8800 system. Plate layouts, which show the positions of samples and reagents in the plates, are also part of a sequence.

Sequences and methods are created using the BioPhase software. Example methods are installed with the software or can be created as necessary.

### **Create a New Method**

**Note:** This procedure assumes familiarity with the BioPhase software. For detailed instructions, refer to the document: *BioPhase Software Help System*.

Methods are installed with the BioPhase software. If the existing methods are not appropriatem new ones can be created. *BioPhase Software Help System*. Example methods are installed with the BioPhase software. If the existing methods are not appropriate, new ones can be created.

Methods require reagents. If additional reagents are required, they can be added. Refer to the document: *BioPhase Software Help System*.

- 1. On the Home page of the BioPhase software, click **Method Editor**.
- Click New Method.
   The Method Settings tab opens.
- 3. Type or select information in the Method Settings fields.
- 4. (Optional) To edit the reagent set, click **Edit Reagents**.

  The Reagent Set Configuration tab opens. Make any changes, click **Save** and then **Close**.
- 5. To build the method, open the Method Program tab, and then drag actions to the Program pane.

Three types of methods can be created:

- Separation Method: A method with an Inject action, which is used to acquire the data for the sample.
- Conditioning Method: A method without an Inject action, which is used to condition the capillary before running a separation method to acquire data.
- Shutdown Method: A method without an Inject action, which is used to clean the capillary to preserve the life span of the cartridge and turn off the light source.

Figure 4-1 Action and Program Panes



- 6. Click the actions in the Program pane to edit the action parameters in the Parameters pane.
- 7. If the Validation pane is shown, then click the pane to view the errors. If an error is present, click the error to highlight the location where it occurs, and then make the required change. If no errors are present, then the Validation pane is not shown.
- Save the method:
  - a. Click SAVE AS.

**Note:** The **SAVE AS** button is not enabled if there are errors. Resolve all of the errors in the Validation pane and then click **SAVE AS**.

The Save Method dialog opens.

- b. (Optional) Click **New Folder**, type a name for the new folder and then click **OK**.
- c. Select a project folder.
- d. Type a name in the **Method Name** field.

**Note:** The method name must be unique to enable the **Save** button.

- e. (Optional) Type a description for the method in the **Description** field.
- f. Click Save.
- g. Click **OK** to acknowledge the saved method.
- (Optional) To view, save, or print the Method Report, click PRINT.

## **Create a New Sequence**

**Note:** This procedure assumes familiarity with the BioPhase software. For detailed instructions, refer to the document: *BioPhase Software Help System*.

- 1. On the Home page of the BioPhase software, click **Sequence Editor**.
- Click New Sequence.
   The Sample Plate Setup tab opens.
- In the Projects pane, click a project folder.
   The methods in the folder are shown in the Methods pane.
- 4. To assign a separation method to a well, click a method in the Methods pane list, and then drag the method to a selected well in the Sample Plate Layout.
  - The software makes sure that the method is compatible with the other methods in the sequence and the reagent assignments on the reagent plate. If the method is compatible, then it is shown in the Sequence Summary table.
- 5. To assign a conditioning or shutdown method to a well, click a method in the Methods pane list, and then drag the method anywhere in the Sample Plate Layout.
  - The software makes sure that the method is compatible with the other methods in the sequence and the reagent assignments on the reagent plate. If the method is compatible, then it is shown in the Sequence Summary table.
- In the Sample Plate Layout pane, select the wells where the sample will be added.
  - Click an individual well.
  - To select all of the wells in a column, click the column number.
  - To select wells in different columns, click in the sample plate and then drag the cursor over multiple wells.

 1
 2
 3
 4
 5
 6
 7
 8
 9
 10
 11
 12

 A
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O</t

Figure 4-2 Sample Plate Layout Pane

- 7. If required, to clear one or more wells, right-click a selected well and then click one of the options from the warning message that is shown:
  - Delete Well to clear the single well.
  - Delete Column to clear all of the wells in a column.
  - **Delete All** to clear all of the wells in the sample plate layout.
- If required, edit the information in the Sequence Summary table.
   Click + to open a row and then edit the Sample ID, Run Type, or Data File cells.
- 9. If required, repeat step 4 or 5 to add more methods to the sequence.
- 10. If required, click a row, and then drag the row to a different position in the Sample Plate Summary table to rearrange the methods in the sequence.
- 11. (Optional) Select the **Error Recovery** check box to assign a method as the error recovery method.
- 12. Open the Plates Layout tab to view the sample plate and reagent plate layouts. If required, edit the reagent positions in the Reagent Plate.
- 13. If the Validation pane is shown, then click the pane to view the errors. If an error is present, click the error to highlight the location where it occurs, and then make the required change. If no errors are present, then the Validation pane is not shown.
- 14. Save the sequence:

#### Click SAVE AS.

**Note:** The **SAVE AS** button is not enabled if there are errors. Resolve all of the errors in the Validation pane and then click **SAVE AS**.

The Save Sequence dialog opens.

- b. Select a project folder.
- c. Type a name in the **Sequence Name** field.

**Note:** The sequence name must be unique and different than the project name to enable the **Save** button.

- d. (Optional) Type a description in the **Description** field.
- e. Click Save.
- f. Click **OK** in the warning dialog, and then, to acknowledge the saved sequence, click **OK**.
- 15. To print the sample plate and reagent plate layouts, click **PRINT**.

## Prepare the BioPhase 8800 System

Use the procedures in this section to prepare the BioPhase 8800 system to acquire data.

The procedures described in this section assume that the system has already been properly installed and initialized.

**Tip!** To save time, turn on the light source 30 minutes before starting the sequence so it can warm up.

### Load the Reagent Inlet and Outlet Plates

**Note:** To prevent air bubbles, do not shake or vigorously mix the buffer. Air bubbles might cause problems with the separation.

Add the reagents to the reagent inlet and outlet plates according to the reagent plate layout.
 Use the volumes in the following table.

Table 4-1 Reagents for the Reagent Inlet and Outlet Plates

Plate	Reagent
Inlet plate	800 μL

Table 4-1 Reagents for the Reagent Inlet and Outlet Plates (continued)

Plate	Reagent
Outlet plate	2.8 mL of reagent for separation or wait actions
	1.5 mL of water for waste positions

2. Put a film cover on the plates.

CAUTION: Potential System Damage. Do not use a heated plate sealer to apply the seal. The heat might damage the plates.

**Note:** Only X Pierce film from the USA Scientific is validated. If a different film is used, then it should be tested before use.

3. Put the plates in a swinging-bucket rotor and then spin for 4 minutes at 30 *g*. Make sure that the buckets are balanced.

CAUTION: Potential Wrong Result. Do not load the plates in the system without spinning them to remove air bubbles. The presence of air bubbles might cause the separation to fail.

4. Inspect the plates for the presence of air bubbles. If air bubbles are present, then spin the plates again at a higher relative centrifugal force (RCF).

For the reagent plate, the maximum RCF is 1,000 g. For the sample plate, the maximum RCF is 375 g.

5. On the front panel, touch **Eject Reagent**.

Figure 4-3 Eject Reagent Button



The plate compartment opens.

6. Remove the film cover from the plates.

CAUTION: Potential System Damage. Do not load plates in the system before removing the film cover. The presence of the film cover during a run might damage the capillary tips.

7. If the plate compartment already contains reagent plates, then remove the reagent plates.

- 8. Orient the reagent inlet plate so that the notch in the plate aligns with the tab, and then put the plate in the plate carrier. Refer to the figure: Figure 2-6.
- 9. Orient the reagent outlet plate so that the chamfered corner is in the upper left, and then put the plate in the back of the plate carrier. Refer to the figure: Figure 2-7.
- 10. Touch Load Reagent.

Figure 4-4 Load Reagent Button



The plate compartment closes.

### **Load the Sample Inlet and Outlet Plates**

1. Add the samples to the sample inlet plate according to the sample plate layout.

The minimum sample volume is 50  $\mu$ L. The maximum sample volume is 200  $\mu$ L.

The recommended sample volume varies by application. Refer to the specific *Application Guide*.

- 2. Add the reagents to the sample outlet plate according to the sample layout.
- 3. Put a film cover on the plates.

CAUTION: Potential System Damage. Do not use a heated plate sealer to apply the seal. The heat might damage the plates.

**Note:** Only X Pierce film from the USA Scientific is validated. If a different film is used, then it should be tested before use.

4. Put the plates in a swinging-bucket rotor and then spin for 4 minutes at 30 *g*. Make sure that the buckets are balanced.

CAUTION: Potential Wrong Result. Do not load the plates in the system without spinning them to remove air bubbles. The presence of air bubbles might cause the separation to fail.

5. Inspect the plates for the presence of air bubbles. If air bubbles are present, then spin the plates again at a higher relative centrifugal force (RCF).

For the reagent plate, the maximum RCF is 1,000 *g*. For the sample plate, the maximum RCF is 375 *g*.

6. On the front panel, touch **Eject Sample**.

Figure 4-5 Eject Sample Button



The plate compartment opens.

7. Remove the film cover from the plates.

CAUTION: Potential System Damage. Do not load plates in the system before removing the film cover. The presence of the film cover during a run might damage the capillary tips.

- 8. If the plate compartment already contains sample plates, then remove the sample plates.
- 9. Orient the sample plate so that the alignment notch in the plate aligns with the tab, and then put the plate in the plate carrier. Refer to the figure: Figure 2-5.
- 10. Orient the sample outlet plate so that the chamfered corner is in the upper left, and then put the plate in the back of the plate carrier. Refer to the figure: Figure 2-7.
- 11. Touch Load Sample.

Figure 4-6 Load Sample Button



The plate compartment closes.

#### Inspect the Capillary Cartridge



WARNING! Puncture Hazard. Be careful when handling the cartridge. The tips of the capillaries are extremely sharp.

CAUTION: Potential System Damage. Do not allow the separation gel or other reagents to crystallize on the electrodes, capillary ends, cartridge seals, or cartridge body. Electrolyte salt crystals or precipitate can cause plugged capillaries, improper pressure sealing, errors when injecting samples, arcing, or current leakage.

- 1. Inspect the electrodes, capillary tips, cartridge seals, and cartridge body interface before use.
- 2. If there is liquid on the outside of the cartridge, then clean the cartridge with a damp lint-free laboratory wipe. After cleaning, make sure to dry the cartridge.

Note: Do not use soap or detergent to clean the cartridge.

- 3. If the capillary tips are blocked, then do this:
  - Use CE Grade Water to clean the capillary inlets.
  - b. Use a lint-free laboratory wipe to wipe the capillary inlets carefully in an outward direction.
- 4. Use a magnifying glass to examine both sides of the capillary window. If lint or other particles are present, then use short bursts of electronics-grade compressed air to remove them. Do not use water or other liquids to clean the capillary window.

CAUTION: Potential System Damage. Do not use organic solvents, such as methanol or acetone, to clean the capillary window. Organic solvents can dissolve the adhesives, leaving residue on the capillary window that might interfere with the detector.

5. Moisten a lint-free laboratory wipe or cotton swab with enthanol or isopropyl alcohol and wipe the surface of the chip. Allow the chip to air dry before installing the cartridge.

#### Install the Cartridge



WARNING! Puncture Hazard. Be careful when handling the cartridge. The tips of the capillaries are extremely sharp.



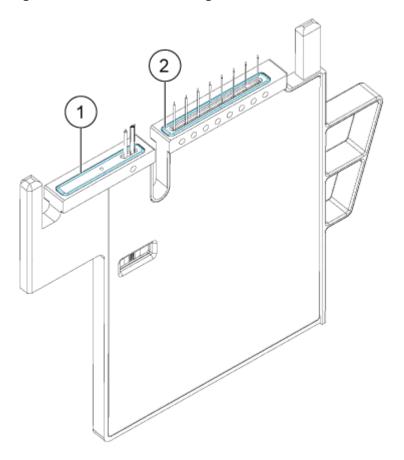
WARNING! Pinching Hazard. When opening the front panel, be careful not to put fingers to the left of the front panel.

CAUTION: Potential System Damage. Make sure that the reagent plates are installed in the system before installing the cartridge. Failure to do so might damage the cartridge.

- 1. If the cartridge was stored in the refrigerator, then let the cartridge equilibrate to room temperature for approximately 30 minute to prevent condensation in the system.
- 2. Remove the cartridge from the wetting tray.
- 3. Use a disposable laboratory wipe to dry the cartridge body to prevent arcing.
- 4. Turn the bottom of the cartridge up.

5. Use a disposable lint-free laboratory wipe to very gently dry the area where the capillaries and electrodes emerge from the cartridge. Do not disturb the seals.

Figure 4-7 Bottom of Cartridge



Item	Description
1	Outlet plate seal
2	Inlet plate seal

- 6. If the reagent plates are not installed in the system, then install them. Refer to the section: Load the Reagent Inlet and Outlet Plates.
- 7. Open the front panel and then put the cartridge in the system.
- 8. Close the front panel and then touch **EJECTED** to lock the cartridge.

Figure 4-8 EJECTED Button



If the cartridge has exceeded it's run life then the warning message is shown in the front panel log. To view the warning message, touch icon from the front panel status. The cartridge can still be used or you can install the new one.

- 9. The system moves the reagent plate so that the capillaries are in position over column 1, and then raises the plate so that the capillary ends are immersed in CE Grade Water.
- 10. Inspect the coolant level on the front panel. If required, add coolant into the fill port on the system.

Refer to the section: Add Capillary Cartridge Coolant.

## Start the Sequence from the Front Panel

- 1. If required, load the cartridge, reagent plates, and sample plates.
- 2. On the front panel, touch RUN SEQUENCE.

Figure 4-9 RUN SEQUENCE Button



3. In the Projects pane, touch the name of the project where the sequence is located, and then touch the name of the sequence. The sequence can be sorted by the **Name** or **Date/Time**.

Figure 4-10 Sorting the Sequence



The Projects pane is hidden and the sequence opens. The name of the project and the sequence are shown above the sequence.

- (Optional) To view the details of the method, sample plates, or reagent plates, touch anywhere in the **Method** column.
  - To hide the details, touch the column or box again.
- 5. Touch **Run Sequence**.

Figure 4-11 Run Sequence Button



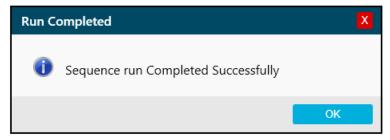
**Run Sequence** is not enabled if the sequence contains a method that is incompatible with the system configuration.

The data files are saved at the location specified in the sequence.

If an error occurs during a run and an error recovery method is present in the sequence, then the BioPhase 8800 system starts the error recovery method.

6. During the run, various actions are available. Refer to the section: Monitor the Run. When the run is complete, the Run Completed dialog opens.

Figure 4-12 Run Completed Dialog



- 7. Touch **OK** to close the Run Completed dialog.
- 8. As required, store the cartridge. Refer to the section: Store the Cartridge After the Run.

### Monitor the Run

Use this procedure to monitor the sequence progress and, if required, pause or stop the sequence.

**Note:** The sequence shown in the following figures is for the purpose of illustration.

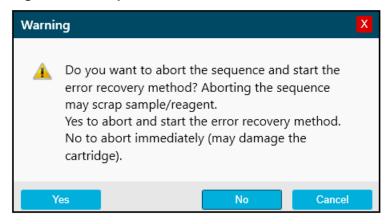
- 1. Monitor the traces for the detector and the current to make sure that the sequence is running.
- 2. If a problem is detected, then touch 🕛 to stop the run.

In the warning dialog, touch **Yes** to stop and then start the error recovery method. Touch **No** to stop the run. Touch **Cancel** to continue the run.

**Note:** Stopping the run might result in loss of sample or reagent and damage to the cartridge.

.

Figure 4-13 Stop the Run



CAUTION: Potential System Damage. Before starting the run again, make sure to empty or replace the outlet plate to prevent overflow of reagent and possible damage to the instrument.

CAUTION: Potential Wrong Result. Before starting the run again, prepare new reagent plates. If the run has been stopped, then there might not be enough reagents available to complete the run.

CAUTION: Potential Wrong Result. Before starting the run again, discard the samples if they have been inside the system for more than 24 hours. The samples might have degraded.

3. If an error occurs, then touch **OK** in the error dialog that is shown.

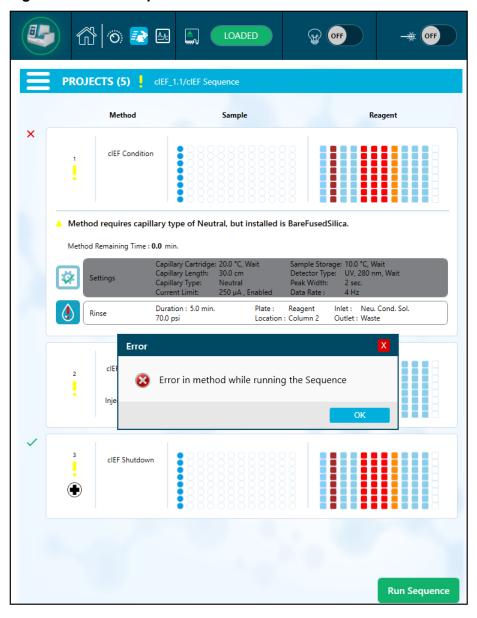


Figure 4-14 Run Sequence Error

**Note:** The shows an error at the **Rinse** action. The grey shading in the row above the **Rinse** action indicates that the action is in progress or completed.

- 4. Touch to review the error in the **Events** tab of the front panel log.
  - a. Touch Initialize System to reinitialize the system and change system status to idle.



Figure 4-15 Sequence Error Events Log

5. If required, pause the run by touching **Pause Run**.

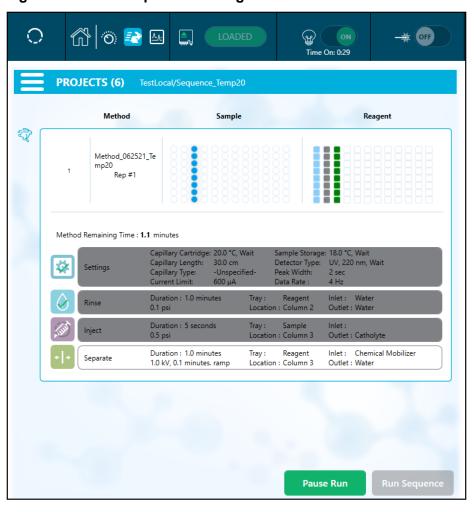


Figure 4-16 Run Sequence in Progress

6. To continue the run, touch Cancel Pause.

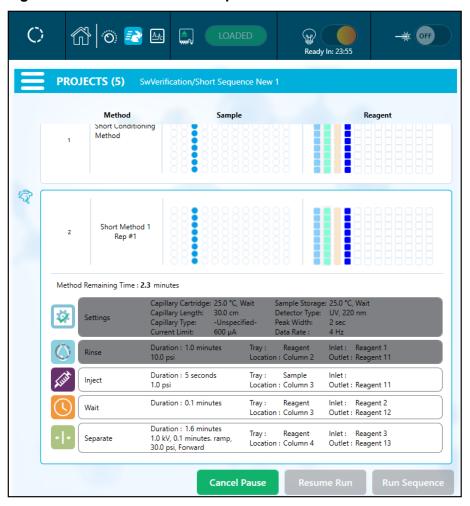


Figure 4-17 Restart the Run Sequence

7. To view the data while it is acquired, touch in the ribbon. For further actions, refer to the section: Capillary View.

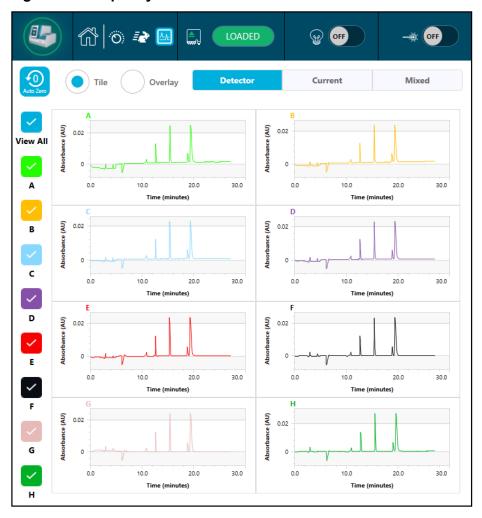


Figure 4-18 Capillary View

- 8. (Optional) To zoom in on the data, do the following:
  - a. Touch Overlay.
  - b. Use two fingers to zoom in or out to view the electropherogram.
  - c. Use the hand to move the electropherogram.

**Note:** The zoom feature only works with the overlay view for detector and current.

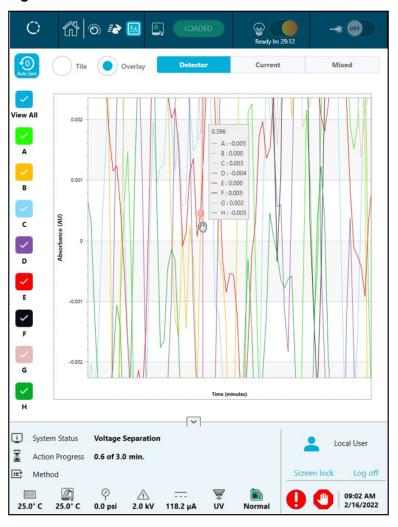
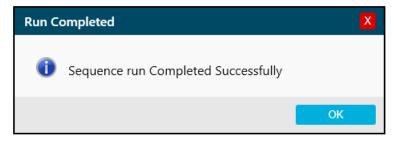


Figure 4-19 Zoom In or Out

9. Verify that the message Sequence run Completed Successfully is shown when the run completes. In the dialog, touch  ${\sf OK}$ .

Figure 4-20 Run Completed



# **Store the Cartridge After the Run**



WARNING! Puncture Hazard. Be careful when handling the cartridge. The tips of the capillaries are extremely sharp.

## Store the Cartridge for Less than Three Days

If the sequence does not include a shutdown method, then use the shutdown method to clean the capillary.

## **Store the Cartridge for More than Three Days**

- 1. If the sequence does not include a shutdown method, then use the shutdown method to clean the capillary.
- 2. Remove the cartridge from the system and then store it upright in the cartridge box at 2 °C to 8 °C, with the capillary ends immersed in CE Grade Water.

**Note:** Replace the CE Grade Water in the tray regularly to avoid microbial growth in the tray.

## Prepare the Cartridge After Storage

• If the cartridge has not been used for more than a day, or if it has been stored for an extended time, then use the conditioning method to condition the capillary.

**Note:** Before installing the cartridge in the system, carefully wipe off any water from around the electrodes and cartridge body to prevent arcing.

Analyze the Data

## **Analysis Options**

Use the BioPhase Analysis software to analyze the data. On the Home page of the BioPhase software, click **Data Processing** to open the BioPhase Analysis software.

There are two ways to analyze the data:

- · Using an analysis parameters file
- Manually

For either method, after the preliminary analysis is complete, other functions are available to work with the results. Refer to the section: Work with the Results.

#### **Data Analysis with an Analysis Parameters File**

An analysis parameters file contains all of the information required to integrate the peaks and identify peaks in the data. Analysis parameters files for each analysis kit are provided with the BioPhase Analysis software. These files can be a starting point for data analysis. Refer to the appropriate *Application Guide*.

#### **Manual Data Analysis**

If the provided analysis parameters file is not appropriate, then the data can be analyzed manually. The suggested workflow is:

- 1. Integrate the peaks. Refer to the section: Integrate the Peaks.
- 2. If required, add integration events from the graph. Refer to the section: Integration Events Added from the Graph.
- 3. Create library tables to identify the peaks. Refer to the section: Identify the Peaks.
- 4. Perform post-analysis functions. Refer to the section: Post-Analysis Procedures.

## Integrate the Peaks

**Note:** For definitions of the integration parameters, refer to "Integration Parameters" in the document: *BioPhase Software Help System*.

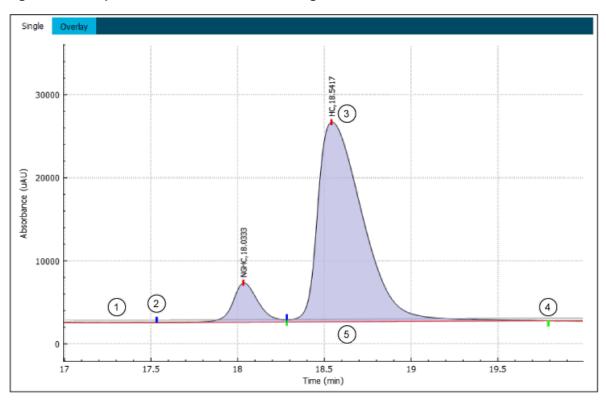
On the Home page of the BioPhase software, click **Data Analysis**.
 The BioPhase Analysis software main window opens.

- 2. Click File > Open, select the data files to analyze, and then click Open.
- 3. On the Integration tab, click **Settings** next to **Optimizer**.
- 4. In the Optimizer Settings dialog, click **Enabled** and then click **OK**.
- 5. In the Analysis Parameters pane, edit the parameters on the Integration tab.
- 6. Click .

The analysis applies the parameters on the Integration tab. Parameters set on the Library or Post Analysis tabs are applied after the integration.

In the Data pane, the analysis results are shown in a table below the graph. At the top of the table, **RMS Noise**, **P-P Noise**, and **Drift** are shown. These values reflect the baseline of the data.

Figure 5-1 Graph in the Data Pane After Integration



Item	Description
1	Grey threshold line
2	Blue marker for the peak start

Item	Description
3	Red marker for the peak apex
4	Green marker for the peak end
5	Red baseline

In the Files pane, the file name is shown in red text to indicate that the data has been analyzed. The **Peaks** column shows the number of peaks identified.

- 7. If required, right-click **Settings** to show or hide columns in the Results Table.

  Other functions are available in the Results Table. Refer to the section: Results Table Functions.
- 8. If required, add integration events from the graph and then click Refer to the section: Integration Events Added from the Graph.
- 9. If required, adjust the parameters in the upper or lower tables on the Integration tab, and then click .

To analyze more than one data file, right-click , and then select one of these options:

- **Analyze (checked)**: For any data file that is selected in the Files pane, analyze the data using the parameters for each file.
- **Analyze (all)**: For all of the data files in the Files pane, analyze the data using the parameters for each file.
- **Apply & Analyze (checked)**: For any data file that is selected in the Files pane, analyze the data using the parameters set on the Integration, Library, and Post Analysis tabs.
- Apply & Analyze (all): For all of the data files in the Files pane, analyze the data using the parameters set on the Integration, Library, and Post Analysis tabs.
- Apply Suitability & Analyze: For any data file that is selected in the Files pane, perform the system suitability test using the parameters in the System Suitability dialog.
- **Apply Suitability & Analyze (all)**: For all of the data files in the Files pane, perform the system suitability test using the parameters in the System Suitability dialog.

12. (Optional) Click

The analysis parameters are saved to a BioPhase Analysis parameters file for later use. The file has the dana extension.

The file can be saved as read-only so that it cannot be changed.

13. (Optional) Click .

To save more than one data file, right-click 🖹 and then select one of these options:

- Save (checked): Save changes to any data file that is selected in the Files pane.
- Save (all): Save changes to all data files in the Files pane.

The analysis parameters and results are saved.

14. Click .

To close more than one data file, right-click and then select one of these options:

- Close (checked): Close any data file that is selected in the Files pane.
- Close (all): Close all of the data files in the Files pane.

The data file closes.

## **Integration Events Added from the Graph**

Some types of integration events can be added from the graph.

Depending on the event, it can be classified as a manual event or an automatic event. For manual events:

- The parameters cannot be saved as part of an analysis parameters file.
- The events are shown in the Manual Events dialog.
- The events are not deleted when the data file is analyzed by clicking . Instead, after the automatic analysis, the manual events are applied again.

The following events can be added from the graph:

- Adjust a Peak Marker.
- Split a Peak.
- Add Integration Events for a Range.
- · View or Delete Manual Integration Events.

#### Split a Peak

1. Press Ctrl, and then click the graph where the peak should be split.

**Note:** Pins cannot be put on a peak start, peak apex, or peak end marker. Pressing **Ctrl** and then clicking directly on a peak marker moves the marker instead of adding a pin.

A pin ( ) is added to the graph.

2. Right-click the pin and then select **Split Peak**.

In the Results Table, a row is added for the new peak and it is shaded in yellow.

In the Data pane graph, peak markers for the new peak are shown, and the peak shading updates as appropriate.

- 3. (Optional) To move a pin when two pins are present on the graph, press **Ctrl** and then click the new position.
  - The pin closest to the new position is moved to it.
- 4. (Optional) To delete a pin before applying an event, press **Ctrl** and then click the pin.

#### **Adjust a Peak Marker**

In the graph, peak markers indicate peak start, peak apex, and peak end.

1. In the Data pane graph, press **Ctrl** and then move the cursor over the peak marker for a peak start, peak apex, or peak end.

**Note:** When the cursor is directly over the peak marker, it changes to a circle.

2. Click the peak marker, and then drag it right or left to change the marker position.

In the Results Table, the information corresponding to the position of the peak marker and any value calculated using the position is updated, and the row is shaded in yellow.

In the Data pane graph, the peak shading and the position of the peak marker changes.

## Add Integration Events for a Range

Press Ctrl, and then click the graph in two locations to identify a range in the data.
 Two pins are added to the graph.

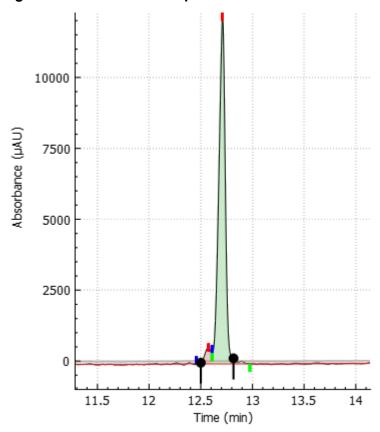


Figure 5-2 Pins on the Graph

**Note:** Pins cannot be put on a peak start, peak apex, or peak end marker. Pressing **Ctrl** and then clicking directly on a peak marker moves the marker instead of adding a pin.

2. Right-click the graph, and then select the event.

**Note:** Some integration events occur immediately and others require the user to click **Analyze**. Refer to the table: Table 5-1.

**Table 5-1 Integration Events Requiring Two Points** 

Label	Description
Delete peak(s)	Delete any peaks with a peak apex in the selected range.
	The peak is deleted from the Results Table. Values for Area%, Corr. Area%, Rel. Area, and Rel. Corr. Area are recalculated.
	In the graph, the shading and the peak markers for the peak start, peak apex, and peak end are removed.

**Table 5-1 Integration Events Requiring Two Points (continued)** 

Label	Description						
Add peak	Add a new peak in the selected range.						
	The peak is added to the Results Table and the row is shaded in yellow. Values for Area%, Corr. Area%, Rel. Area, and Rel. Corr. Area are recalculated.						
	In the graph, the peak is shaded, and if annotations are shown, an asterisk (*) is added at the peak apex.						
Merge peaks	Merge all peaks with a peak apex in the selected range.						
	In the Results Table, one row shows the information for the merged peaks, and the row is shaded in yellow. Values for Area%, Corr. Area%, Rel. Area, and Rel. Corr. Area are recalculated.						
	In the graph, if annotations are shown, an asterisk (*) is adde at the peak apex.						
	Note: Peaks merged using this function are not saved as an analysis parameter in the data file.						
Suspend integration	Suspend integration in the selected range. This is not a manual event.						
	Any peaks in the range are deleted from the Results Table. Values for Area%, Corr. Area%, Rel. Area, and Rel. Corr. Area are recalculated.						
	In the graph, the shading and the peak markers for the peak start, peak apex, and peak end are removed.						
	This event is added to the table on the Integration tab.						
	Note: Click to apply the event.						

**Table 5-1 Integration Events Requiring Two Points (continued)** 

Label	Description					
	•					
Width at 0.0 min	Change the width to the distance between the two pins and apply it starting at the beginning of the data. This is not a manual event.					
	On the Integration tab, the <b>Value</b> cell in the <b>Width</b> row changes to the width between the pins, in seconds.					
	Note: Click to apply the event. The integration uses the Width for the whole file, unless another Width at 0.0 min or Width at pin is present.					
Width at pin	Change the width to the distance between the two pins and apply it starting at the location of the first pin. This is not a manual event.					
	On the Integration tab, a new row for <b>Width</b> is added. The <b>Start</b> cell contains the location of the first pin and the <b>Value</b> cell contains the width between the pins, in seconds.					
	Note: Click to apply the event.					
Baseline (B-B)	Replace the baseline in the selected range with a straight baseline. The first and the last points in the line correspond to the locations of the pins on the calculated baseline.					
	Values for Area%, Corr. Area%, Rel. Area, and Rel. Corr. Area are recalculated.					
Data-to-data baseline	Replace the baseline in the selected range with a straight baseline. The first and the last points in the line correspond to the locations of the pins on the data.					
	Values for Area%, Corr. Area%, Rel. Area, and Rel. Corr. Area are recalculated.					
Match baseline to data	Update the baseline in the selected range to match the data.					
	Values for Area%, Corr. Area%, Rel. Area, and Rel. Corr. Area are recalculated.					

After the integration event is applied, the pins are deleted from the graph.

- 3. (Optional) To move a pin when two pins are present on the graph, press **Ctrl** and then click the new position.
  - The pin closest to the new position is moved to it.
- 4. (Optional) To delete a pin before applying an event, press **Ctrl** and then click the pin.

#### **View or Delete Manual Integration Events**

- In the Manual Events section on the Integration tab, click View.
   The Manual Events dialog opens to show all of the manual integration events, except Suspend Integration.
- 2. In the Manual Events section on the Integration tab, click Clear.

The integration events are deleted from the Results Table.

In the graph, any changes that result from manual integration are removed.

In the Results Table, any changes that result from manual integration are removed.

#### **Results Table Functions**

The following functions apply to the Results Table in the Data pane. Different functions are available for each tab.

**Table 5-2 Single Tab Results Table Functions** 

To Do This	Do This		
Adjust the width of one column	Click the border of a column in the Results Table header and then drag to change the width of the column.		
Change the number of digits after the decimal point for a value in the table	Right-click the Results Table, select <b>Settings</b> . In the Information Setup dialog, type a value in the <b>Decimals</b> cell, and then click <b>OK</b> .		
Copy the contents of the table to the clipboard	Right-click the Results Table and then select <b>Copy results</b> . The contents of the table are copied to the clipboard as comma-separated values.		
	Note: Only the visible columns are copied.		
Minimize the width of every column in the table	Right-click the Results Table and then select <b>Adjust column widths</b> . The column widths are adjusted to show only the contents of the cells.		
Minimize the width of one column in the table	Double-click the border of a column in the Results Table header. The width of the column to the left of the cursor is adjusted to show only the contents of the cell.		

#### **Table 5-2 Single Tab Results Table Functions (continued)**

To Do This	Do This
Show or hide columns	Right-click the Results Table and then select <b>Settings</b> . In the Information Setup dialog, select or clear the check boxes in the <b>Single</b> column as required, and then click <b>OK</b> .
View the row corresponding to a peak in the graph	Hold the cursor over a shaded area in the graph identified by a peak. The corresponding row in the Results Table is highlighted.

#### **Table 5-3 Overlay Tab Results Table Functions**

To Do This	Do This
Select a different file to be used as the reference file	Click the list on the right side of the header and then select the file to be used as the reference. Only the Reference - All and Reference - Peak Table analyses use a reference file.
View a different type of analysis	Click the list on the right side of the header and then select the type of analysis.
Change the number of digits after the decimal point for a value in the table	Right-click the Results Table and then select <b>Settings</b> . In the Information Setup dialog, type a value in the <b>Decimals</b> cell and then click <b>OK</b> .
Adjust the width of one column	Click the border of a column in the Results Table header and then drag to change the width of the column.
Copy the contents of the table to the clipboard	Right-click the Results Table and then select <b>Copy results</b> . The contents of the table are copied to the clipboard as comma-separated values. Only the visible columns are copied.
Minimize the width of one column in the table	Double-click the border of a column in the Results Table header. The column to the left of the cursor is minimized to show only the contents of the cell.
Minimize the width of every column in the table	Right-click the Results Table and then select <b>Adjust column widths</b> . The width of every column in the table is minimized to show only the contents of the cells.

#### **Table 5-3 Overlay Tab Results Table Functions (continued)**

To Do This	Do This
Show or hide columns	Right-click the Results Table and then select <b>Settings</b> . In the Information Setup dialog, select or clear the check boxes in the <b>Overlay</b> column as required, and then click <b>OK</b> .

# **Identify the Peaks**

On the Library tab, set the parameters to identify peaks in the data automatically. Peaks can be identified if they are in the Marker Table or the Peak Table.

- Peaks in the Marker Table are identified using migration time and are used to calibrate the X-axis.
- Peaks in the Peak Table are identified using either migration time or calibrated migration time, depending on the selection made in the **Peak Table Identify by** list.

**Note:** Do not use the options available in the Library tab to analyze Fast Glycan data. Instead, use the Fast Glycan Analysis dialog box, available on the Post Analysis tab.

- 1. After the peaks have been integrated, open the Library tab.
- 2. Add the peaks to be used as markers to the Markers Table. To add a marker, use one of these methods:
  - Right-click a peak in the graph, select Add as marker, type the marker name in the Name field, edit the Cal MT and Tol cells, and then click OK.
  - Edit the cells in the Marker Table directly.

**Note: Tol** is the tolerance for matching a marker to a peak in the data. It can be an absolute value or a percentage. To set it as a percentage of the migration time (**MT**), type % after the numbers.

3. Click the **Fit Type** list and select the type of equation used to generate the calibration curve.

Make sure that there are sufficient markers for the selected equation.

- **Linear**: Two markers are required. If only one marker is present, then the origin (0,0) is used as the other marker.
- Quadratic: Three markers are required.
- Cubic: Four markers are required.
- Quartic: Five markers are required.

- Log: Two markers are required.
- Point to Point: Two markers are required.

External markers can be used to generate the calibration curve. Refer to the document: *BioPhase Help System*.

4. If required, select **Cal MT** in the **Identify by** list.

**Note:** This selection determines if the Peak Table uses migration time or calibrated migration time to identify peaks.

5. Click .

The data is analyzed to identify the markers and create the calibration curve.

In the graph, peaks corresponding to markers are shaded in green. If annotations are enabled, then the marker names are shown in brackets above the peaks.

In the Results Table, the row for a marker is green and the marker names are shown in brackets.

6. (Optional) If **Cal MT** will be used, then change the title and units on the X-axis for the graph.

**Note:** If this information is not added, then the X-axis title is "Undefined" if the X-axis is changed to **Cal MT**.

- a. Type a title for the X-axis in the **X-axis Name** field.
- b. Type the units for the X-axis in the **Units** field.
- c. Click
- d. Click

The graph is shown with calibrated migration time on the X-axis.

- 7. (Optional) Click ≒
  - The graph is redrawn with the X-axis in reverse order. This option is useful, for example, in a cIEF analysis, because the pI markers migrate from high pH to low pH. With this option, the peaks for the pI markers are shown from high pH to low pH.
- 8. Add the peaks to be identified in the analysis to the Peak Table. To add a named peak, either:
  - Right-click a peak in the graph, select Add to library, type the peak name in the Name field, edit the Tol cell, and then click OK.
  - Edit the Name, Cal MT, and Tol cells in the Peak Table.

**Note:** If the analysis does not use calibrated migration time, then edit the values for **MT** when creating named peaks.

**Note: Tol** is the tolerance for matching a marker to a peak in the data. It can be an absolute value or a percentage. To set it as a percentage of the calibrated migration time (**Cal MT**), type % after the numbers. To use it as a percentage, make sure that % is present in the cell.

- 9. For each marker and named peak:
  - Select the criteria for matching a marker or a named peak to a peak in the data: Ctr (center), Ht (highest), or Area (largest).
  - To exclude the peak from the calculation of Area% and Corr. Area%, select Excl.
  - To use the peak as the reference for calculating **Rel. Area** and **Rel. Corr. Area**, select **Ref**. Only one peak can be selected as the reference.
- 10. Click .

The data is analyzed to identify the named peaks.

In the graph, peaks corresponding to named peaks are shaded in blue. If annotations are enabled, then the peak names are shown above the peaks.

In the Results Table, the row for a named peak is blue. The peak names are shown in the table.

11. If the results are satisfactory and the same analysis parameters need to be applied to other data files, then right-click and select Apply & Analyze (all) or Apply & Analyze (checked).

# **Post-Analysis Procedures**

## Merge Peaks After Analysis

After the data has been integrated and analyzed for named peaks, additional peaks can be merged.

- 1. Integrate the peaks and then identify peaks.
- Click the Post Analysis tab.
- 3. In the **Event** cell in the lower table, select **Merge Peaks**.
- Click the Cal MT (L) cell and then type the starting point of the peaks to be merged.
   If calibrated migration time is not being used, then type the migration time in the Cal MT cell.
- 5. Click the **Cal MT (R)** cell and then type the end of the range for the peaks to be merged.

- (Optional) Click the Value cell and then type a name for the merged peak.
- 7. Click .

The peaks in the specified range are merged. The graph updates to show the start and end peak markers for the merged peak. The highest point in the range is assigned as the peak apex.

If annotations are shown on the graph, then an asterisk (\*) is added before the first annotation.

In the Results Table, one row shows the information for the merged peaks and that row is shaded in yellow. The rows for peaks that were merged are deleted from the table.

## **Groups Peaks After Analysis**

After the data has been integrated and analyzed for named peaks, peaks can be grouped together.

- 1. Integrate the peaks and then identify peaks.
- 2. Click the **Post Analysis** tab.
- 3. In the **Event** cell in the lower table, select **Group Peaks**.
- 4. Click the **Cal MT (L)** cell and then type the starting point of the peaks to be grouped. If calibrated migration time is not being used, then type the migration time in the **Cal MT** cell.
- Click the Cal MT (R) cell and then type the end of the range for the peaks to be summed.
- 6. (Optional) Click the **Value** cell and then type a name for the summed peak.
- 7. Click

No changes are made to the graph or the annotations.

In the Results Table, a new row is added with information for the grouped peaks (**Area**, **Area**%, **Corr. Area**, and **Corr. Area**%) and that row is shaded in yellow. The area for the new peak is the sum of the peak areas of the peaks in the specified range. No changes are made to the rows with peaks that were grouped.

#### Name Peaks After Analysis

After the data has been integrated and analyzed for named peaks, additional peaks can be labeled in the graph and the Results Table.

- 1. Integrate the peaks and then identify peaks.
- Click the Post Analysis tab.

- 3. In the **Event** cell in the lower table, select **Name Peak**.
- 4. Click the Cal MT (L) cell and then type a value inside the peak to be named.
- 5. Click the **Value** cell and then type the name.
- 6. Click .

The peak in the graph is labeled with the peak name. The Results Table updates with the peak name.

If the peak was already named, then the name is replaced with the new name.

The peak name is saved as an analysis parameter and can be applied to other data files to name the peak automatically.

## Filter Peaks by Area After Analysis

After the data has been integrated and analyzed for named peaks, filter out any peaks below an area threshold. Peaks can be filtered by **Area** or **Area**%.

- 1. Integrate the peaks and then identify peaks.
- 2. Click the **Post Analysis** tab.
- 3. In the **Event** cell in the lower table, select either **Filter Peaks (Area)** or **Filter Peaks (Area)** %).
- 4. Click the **Value** cell and then type the threshold for filtering peaks.

Do not type a % for **Filter Peaks (Area %)**. Only numbers are required.

**Note:** Because filtering is applied across the whole file, the columns for **Cal MT (L)** and **Cal MT (R)** do not allow a value.

5. Click .

Any peak with **Area** (or **Area**%) below the threshold is deleted from the Results Table and the peak is not shaded in the graph.

**Note:** If filtering (either by **Filter Peaks (Area)** or **Filter Peaks (Area%)**) removes a peak that is listed in the Marker Table, then the calibration curve and the **Cal MT** values do not change.

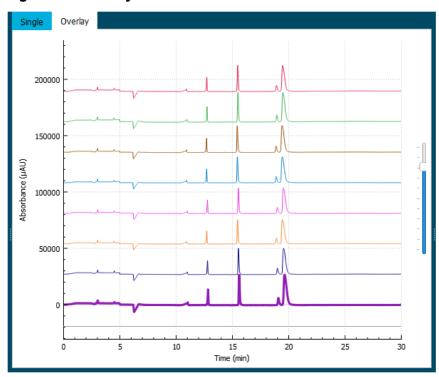
# Review the Results on the Overlay Tab

The Overlay tab shows the graphs for the selected data files. This tab contains the statistics for the selected data files, as well as the system suitability report.

**Note:** This section does not describe the system suitability function. For information about system suitability, refer to the section: System Suitability Testing.

- 1. Open a set of data files, integrate the peaks, and then set up automatic peak identification.
- 2. In the Files pane, click 🗖 and then click the **Overlay** tab.

Figure 6-1 Overlay Tab



The color of the trace in the graph corresponds to the color in the circle beside the file name in the Files pane.

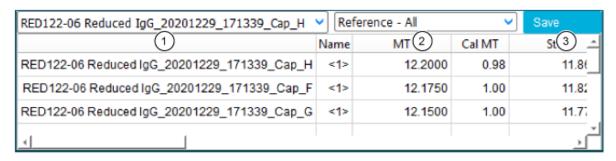
The thicker line is the trace that corresponds to the file selected in the Files pane.

3. Move the slider on the right side of the graph up or down to adjust the traces.

**Note:** To view the traces as a series of tiled graphs, move the slider all the way to the top.

4. Calculate the results for all of the files on the Overlay tab.

Figure 6-2 Results Table



Item	Description
1	Reference file
2	Type of analysis
3	Save the results to a comma-separated file

a. Click the list on the right side of the Results Table header to select the type of analysis.

These options are available:

- **Reference All**: In the Results Table, show statistics for every peak in the reference file that is present in all of the other data files.
- **Reference Peak Table**: In the Results Table, show statistics for every named peak in the reference file that is present in all of the other data files.
- Named Peaks: In the Results Table, show statistics for all the named peaks in any of the data files.
- All Data (not displayed): Calculate but do not show statistics for all of the peaks in all of the data files.
- **System Suitability**: If system suitability was enabled when the data was analyzed, then show the system suitability report.

A peak in a data file is considered to be matched to a peak in the reference file if the migration times of the peak apexes match within 5%.

b. Click the list on the left and then select the reference file.

The reference file is the file against which all the other files are compared.

Only the Reference - All and Reference - Peak Table analyses use a reference file.

The Results Table updates to show the selected analysis or the system suitability report.

If **All Data** (not displayed) is selected, then the Results Table is empty. To view the results, click **Save** to save the results to a comma-separated file and then open the file in another program.

- 5. (Optional) Repeat step 4 to use a different reference file or view a different type of analysis.
- 6. (Optional) Click Save.

The Results Table is saved to a comma-separated text file. Only the columns that are shown in the table are saved.

**Note:** To save the system suitability results, click **File > Save Report**. The results are saved as a PDF.

- 7. (Optional) Click **File > Print**.

  The contents of the Overlay tab are printed using the current report template.
- 8. (Optional) In the **File** toolbar, right-click and then select **Save (all)**. All changes to the results and the analysis parameters are saved to the data files.
- 9. In the **File** toolbar, right-click and then select **Close** (all). All of the data files close.

# **Analyze Fast Glycan Data**

Use this procedure to analyze samples prepared with the Fast Glycan Labeling and Analysis Kit to identify glycans isolated from glycoproteins. The analysis requires that the BST-Bracketing Standard is present in the sample. If the BST-Bracketing Standard is not present, then the analysis will fail.

**Note:** Do not use the options available in the Library tab to analyze Fast Glycan data. Instead, use the Fast Glycan Analysis dialog box, available on the Post Analysis tab.

**Tip!** To analyze a subset of the data, select the check box in the Files pane for each file to be included, and then right-click and select **Apply & Analyze (checked)**.

- 1. On the Home page of the BioPhase software, click **Data Analysis**. The BioPhase Analysis software main window opens.
- 2. Click **File > Open**, select the data files to analyze, and then click **Open**.
- 3. Integrate the peaks and then review the results.

If the results are not satisfactory, edit parameters on the Integration tab and then analyze the data again until the results are satisfactory.

- 4. On the Post Analysis tab, click **Settings** next to **Fast Glycan Analysis**. The Fast Glycan Analysis dialog opens.
- 5. Click **Open**, browse to the Glycan Library 1 file, and then click **Open**. The Fast Glycan Analysis dialog is populated with the parameters needed to create a calibration curve from data from the GU-Glucose Ladder Standard and then identify any glycans in the GU Table.

**Note:** For a list of the glycans in the GU Table, refer to the document: *Fast Glycan Labeling Analysis Kit Application Guide*.

- 6. Review the parameters in the dialog and, if required, make any changes to the settings for automatic identification of the DP2 and DP15 peaks, the Glucose Ladder table, or the GU Table table.
- 7. Make sure that **Enable** is selected and then click **OK**. The Fast Glycan Analysis dialog closes.
- 8. Click .

The data is analyzed to identify the glycans.

In the graph, if annotations are enabled, then the peak names for the identified glycans are shown above the peaks.

In the Results Table, the peak names for the identified glycans are shown.

- 9. Show the peak names on the graph.

  - b. Select **Name**, **RMT GU**, **GU**, and any other information to view on the graph, and then click **OK**.
  - c. Click .

The peak names, the relative migration time calcuated by the Fast Glycan analysis, and the GU values for the identified glycans are shown on the graph.

If the windows for two or more glycans overlap, then for an unknown peak that falls within the overlapping windows, all the glycan names, separated by "/", are shown on the plot and in the Results Table.

- 10. If the the anlysis does not identify the DP2 and DP15 peaks, or the sample data does not have a peak for APTS, set the parameters for manual identification of the DP2 and DP15 peaks. Do the following:
  - a. On the Post Analysis tab, click **Settings** next to **Fast Glycan Analysis**.
  - b. In the **Manual** section of the dialog, type the apex for the DP2 peak in the **DP2** (minutes) field.
  - c. Type the apex for the DP15 peak in the DP15 (minutes) field.
  - d. For either field, select the **N/A** check box to set the apex to the specified value even if a peak for DP2 or DP15 is present.
  - e. Click **OK** and then click **O**

The data is analyzed with the new parameters.

11. If the results are satisfactory and the same analysis parameters should be applied to other data files, then right-click and select Apply & Analyze (all) or Apply & Analyze (checked).

## **System Suitability Testing**

System suitability testing can be used to determine if the results meet minimum expected performance criteria.

System suitability can evaluate properties of a specific peak, the baseline, or both. Run a well-characterized standard to serve as the reference analyte and then evaluate it. The results can help examine various parameters that describe the suitability of the sample preparation procedure, instrumentation, chemistries, and environment for performing the analysis.

In addition, the correlation coefficient (R<sup>2</sup>) for peaks in the Marker Table can be calculated.

**Note:** To evaluate a specific peak with the system suitability test, it must be present in the Marker Table or the Peak Table. If the analysis does not otherwise involve automatic peak identification, then add the peak to be evaluated to the Marker Table on the Library tab.

## Develop the Parameters for a System Suitability Test

Use this procedure to develop the parameters for a system suitability test. After determining the parameters, save them to an analysis parameters file. The file contains all of the parameters required to integrate the data, automatically identify peaks, and execute the system suitability test.

**Tip!** To analyze a subset of the data, select the check box in the Files pane for each file to be included, and then right-click and select **Apply & Analyze (checked)**.

- 1. Click **File > Open** and select a set of representative data files.
- 2. Integrate the peaks and then review the results.

  If the results are not satisfactory, edit parameters on the Integration tab and then analyze the data again until the results are satisfactory.
- (Optional) If the system suitability analysis is to evaluate peak criteria, set parameters on the Library tab to identify peaks and then review the results.
   If a peak is to be used for system suitability analysis, it must be named.
  - If the system suitability analysis is to evaluate only the baseline, then skip this step.
- On the Post Analysis tab, click Settings next to System Suitability.
   If the purpose of the system suitability analysis is to evaluate only the baseline, then go to step 6.

System Suitability Setup
Peak Evaluation

Name
Criteria Min Value Max Value Max % RSD

V
V
V
V
V
V
Saseline Evaluation

Test Start End Max Value
RMS Noise
Peak-to-Peak Noise
Drift (absolute value)

Open Save

Figure 6-3 System Suitability Setup Dialog

- 5. If peaks are to be analyzed, then edit the parameters in the Peak Evaluation table. For each peak to be analyzed, do the following:
  - Type the name of the peak in the Name cell.
     Make sure that the peak name in the table matches the name on the Library tab exactly.
     If the names do not match, including case, then the test automatically fails.

- b. Click the **Criteria** list and select the peak characteristic to be evaluated.
- c. Set at least one of the following criteria to evaluate the peak:
  - If the peak characteristic must be greater than a minimum value to pass, then type a value in the **Min Value** cell.
  - If the peak characteristic must be less than a maximum value to pass, then type a value in the **Max Value** cell.
  - If the relative standard deviation for a peak characteristic must be less than a specified value to pass, then type the value in the **Max % RSD** cell.
- 6. If the baseline is to be analyzed, then edit the parameters in the lower table. For each data characteristic to be evaluated, do the following:
  - a. To evaluate a range of data, type the range in the **Start** and **End** fields. If the fields are empty, then all of the data is evaluated.
  - In the Max Value field, type the cutoff for the parameter.
     If the value in the data file is above the Max Value, then the test fails.
- 7. To evaluate R<sup>2</sup> (the correlation coefficient) for the peaks in the Marker Table, do the following:

(R<sup>2</sup> is calculated using the fit selected in the **Fit Type** list on the Library tab.)

- In the Peak Evaluation table, click the Criteria list and then select Linearity.
   Leave the Name cell blank.
- b. Type the minimum value for R<sup>2</sup> in the **Min Value** cell.
- 8. In the System Suitability Setup dialog, do the following:
  - a. Click Enable.
  - b. Click OK.

The **System Suitability** row in the table on the Post Analysis tab is shown in green to indicate that the system suitability analysis is enabled.

**Note:** Do not click on another data file in the **Files** pane before analyzing the data. If another data file is viewed, then the parameters in the System Suitability Setup dialog are reset to the default values.

9. Click

The system suitability analysis is applied to the current data file.

- 10. In the Files pane, click next to the example data file, and then click the **Overlay** tab.
- 11. In the Results Table header, click **System Suitability**.

The system suitability report is shown. Refer to the figure: Figure 6-4.

The banner across the top of the report is green if all of the tests pass. If any of the tests fail, then the banner is red. If the baseline was evaluated, then details are shown in the Peak Evaluation section. If data characteristics were evaluated, then the details are shown in the Baseline Evaluation section.

If the correlation coefficient was evaluated, then  $R^2$  is shown in the **Linearity** column.  $R^2$  is calculated using the fit selected in the **Fit Type** list on the Library tab.

Figure 6-4 System Suitability Report on the Overlay Tab

System Suitability PASSED							
Peak Evaluation							
	Name	Criteria		Min Value	Max Value	Max % RSD	
	NGHC	Corr. Area%		7.4	7.6		
Sample ID	Name	Criteria	Average	Low	High	% RSD	Status
	NGHC	Corr. Area%	7.50	7.50	7.50	N/A	Pass
RED122-06 Reduced IgG		7.50					Pass
Baseline Evaluation							
Sample ID		Test	Start	End	Value	Max Value	Status
RED122-06 Reduced IgG		P-P Noise			22.4234	23.0000	Pass
Data files							
RED122-06 Reduced IgG	ED122-06 Reduced IgG						

- 12. Test the parameters on the other data files.
  - a. Right-click and select Apply & Analyze (all).

The data is integrated, the peaks are identified, and then the system suitability test is executed.

b. Review the results for each file in the Data pane.

Make sure that:

- The peaks are integrated correctly.
- The named peaks are identified correctly.

If required, edit the parameters and analyze the data again. Do not change the names of any of the peaks on the Library tab, or the system suitability test fails automatically.

- c. Click to load every file in the Overlay pane and then inspect the system suitability report.
- 13. If the results are not satisfactory, then edit parameters in the System Suitability Setup dialog and then analyze the data again.

**Note:** The analysis requires that all of the files have the same system suitability parameters.

- 14. If the results are satisfactory, then save the analysis parameters to a file.
  - a. Click
  - b. Select a folder and type a name for the file.
  - c. (Optional) Select Save as read only, prevent further editing.
  - d. Click Save.

All of the parameters for the data analysis and the system suitability test are saved to a dana file.

15. (Optional) Right-click and then select **Save (all)**.

The analysis parameters, results, and system suitability parameters are saved to the data files.

## Run a System Suitability Test

Use this procedure to run a system suitability test after the parameters have been defined. Refer to the section: Develop the Parameters for a System Suitability Test.

**Tip!** To analyze a subset of the data, select the check box in the Files pane for each file to be included, and then right-click and select **Apply & Analyze (checked)**.

**Tip!** To do the system suitability test without applying any other analysis parameters so that peak integration does not change, right-click and then select **Apply Suitability & Analyze** (checked) or **Apply Suitability & Analyze** (all).

- 1. Click **File > Open**, select the data files to analyze, and then click **Open**.
- 2. In the Analysis Parameters pane, click , browse to the file containing the analysis parameters, and then click **Open.**
- 3. Right-click 🕑 and then select Apply & Analyze (all).

The data is integrated, automated peak identification occurs, and then the system suitability test is performed.

4. Review the results for each file in the Data pane.

Make sure that:

- · The peaks are integrated correctly.
- The peaks are identified correctly.
- 5. In the Files pane, click to select all of the data files for the system suitability test, and then click the **Overlay** tab in the Data pane.
- 6. In the Results Table header, click **System Suitability**.

  The system suitability report is shown. The banner across the top of the report is green if all of the tests pass. If any of the tests fail, then the banner is red. If peak criteria were evaluated, then details are shown in the Peak Evaluation section. If the baseline was evaluated, then the details are shown in the Baseline Criteria section.

Figure 6-5 System Suitability Report on the Overlay Tab

		System Su	itability F/	AILED			
Peak Evaluation							
	Name	Criteria		Min Value	Max Value	Max % RSD	
	NGHC	Corr. Area%		7.4	7.6		
Sample ID	Name	Criteria	Average	Low	High	% RSD	Status
	NGHC	Corr. Area%	7.44	7.35	7.50	0.65	Fail
RED122-06 Reduced IgG		7.35					Fail
RED122-06 Reduced IgG		7.41					Pass
RED122-06 Reduced IgG		7.45					Pass
RED122-06 Reduced IgG		7.50					Pass
RED122-06 Reduced IgG		7.44					Pass
RED122-06 Reduced IgG		7.46					Pass
Baseline Evaluation							
Sample ID		Test	Start	End	Value	Max Value	Status
RED122-06 Reduced IgG		P-P Noise			22.6093	23.0000	Pass
RED122-06 Reduced IgG		P-P Noise			19.2120	23.0000	Pass
RED122-06 Reduced IgG		P-P Noise			21.6078	23.0000	Pass
RED122-06 Reduced IgG		P-P Noise			22.4234	23.0000	Pass
RED122-06 Reduced IgG		P-P Noise			20.1029	23.0000	Pass
RED122-06 Reduced IgG		P-P Noise			20.4293	23.0000	Pass

# 7. (Optional) Click **File > Save Report**. The contents of the Overlay tab are saved to a PDF file using the current report template.

# 8. (Optional) Click **File > Print**. The results are printed to the default printer using the current report template.

# Audit and Sign the Results Sign the Results

**Note:** For a report for the Single tab, if the data is not signed, then the report has a watermark indicating that it is a draft. Reports for the Overlay tab do not include signature information or a watermark.

<ol> <li>Open the data files</li> </ol>	s to	be	signed	J.
---	------	----	--------	----

- 2. In the Files pane, select the files to be signed.
  - To sign one file, click the name of the file.
  - To sign more than one file, click □ next to each file.
- 3. Click **File > Signature > Apply**.

The Signature dialog opens.

4. In the **Enter comment** field, type the reason for the signature and then click **Apply**. (To apply the signature to all of the selected files in the Files pane, select **Apply to all checked data files**.)

A new row with Apply Signature is added to the audit trail. After a data file has been signed, it is automatically saved and cannot be analyzed again.

The signature is shown at the bottom of every page of the report.

## Revoke a Signature

**Note:** For a report for the Single tab, if the data is not signed, then the report has a watermark indicating that it is a draft. Reports for the Overlay tab do not include signature information or a watermark.

- 1. Open the data files with the signatures to be revoked.
- 2. In the Files pane, select the files with the signatures to be revoked.
  - To revoke a signature from one file, click the name of the file.
  - To revoke a signature from more than one file, click □ next to each file.
- 3. Click File > Signature > Revoke.

The Signature dialog opens.

4. In the **Enter comment** field, type the reason that the signature is being revoked and then click **Revoke**.

To revoke the signatures for all the selected files in the Files pane, select **Apply to all checked data files**.

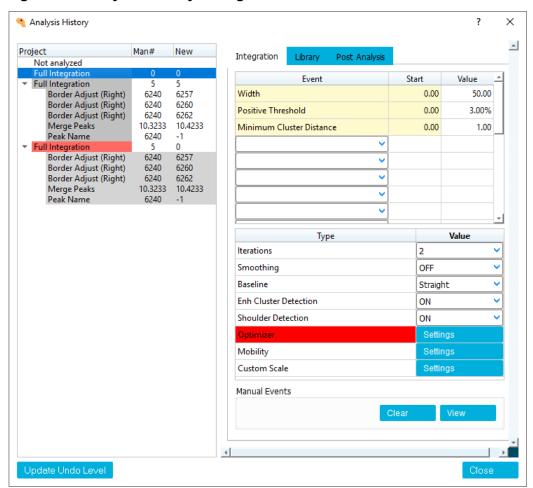
A new row with Revoke Signature is added to the audit trail.

#### **View the Audit Trail**

- 1. Open a data file.
- 2. In the Project toolbar, right-click or c.

The Analysis History dialog opens.

Figure 6-6 Analysis History Dialog



On the left, a table shows the records in the audit trail, with the newest record at the bottom of the list. If the table is empty, then the data file has not been analyzed.

On the right are the analysis parameters for the row that is selected in the audit trail. The colors of the rows in the audit trail have different meanings. Refer to the table: Table 6-1.

Table 6-1 Colors in the Audit Trail

Color	Meaning
Blue	Currently selected row.
White	A top-level integration event. Indented gray rows below the event show the manual integration events that occurred after the automatic integration.
Red	The current state of the data file, usually the last row in the table. If either or has been clicked, then the red row can move up or down in the list of events.
Dark gray	Saved analysis events.
Light gray	Analysis events that have occurred since the file was last saved.

- 3. Click a row in the audit trail.
  - For rows representing an analysis action, the analysis parameters update to show the parameters associated with the selected action. As required, click the **Library** tab or the **Post Analys** tab to view the other parameters.
- 4. Hover over a row that contains Apply Signature or Revoke Signature.

  A tool tip with the name of the user who signed the data, the date of the signature, and any comments is shown.
- (Optional) Click a row in the audit trail and then click **Update Undo Level**.
   The analysis reverts to the state corresponding to the row that is selected in the audit trail.
   The Results Table is updated and any annotations are also updated as necessary.
- 6. Click **Close**. The Analysis History dialog closes.

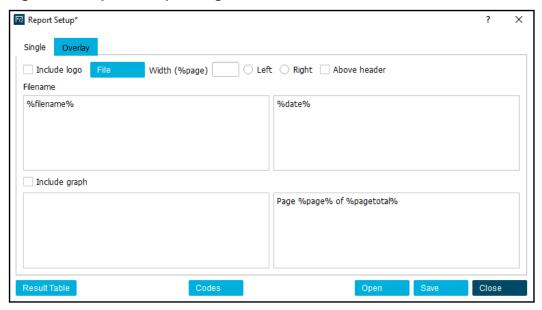
## **Print or Save a Report**

## **Configure a Report**

Use the following procedure to configure the layout of printed reports. A template can be created for repeated use.

Click File > Report Setup.

Figure 6-7 Report Setup Dialog



2. (Optional) To use an existing report template as starting point, click **Open**, browse to the template, and then click **Open**.

The template contains the settings for both the single and overlay reports.

The name of the report shows in the title bar of the dialog.

- 3. Edit the layout for the report. Do any of the following:
  - Select Include logo, click File, and then select the file with the logo.
  - If an image is selected, type a value between 1 and 100 in the **Width (%page)** field. If **Width (%page)** is empty, then the image is not shown.
  - Configure the parameters for where the image is shown.
  - In the text fields, type text to be included in the header and footer of the report.

Text in the fields on the left is left-justified in the report. Text in the fields on the right is right-justified.

· Select Include graph.

The graph will be included in the report. If the graph is zoomed, then only the portion that is visible in the Data pane is shown in the report. If annotations are visible in the Data pane, then they are shown in the report.

- Click **Result Table**, select the columns to be included in the report, and then set the number of decimal points to be shown.
- · Click Codes.

The table in the dialog shows codes for dynamic fields that can be included in the report header and footer, such as date, file name, and detector. Type any of the codes in the header and footer text fields.

**Tip!** Click the code to select it, press **Ctrl-C** to copy the code, and then paste it in the appropriate field in the Report Setup dialog. If required, drag the Available Codes dialog to get access to the Report Setup dialog.

If a report template was selected and the contents changed, then an asterisk is shown next to the template name in the title bar of the dialog.

- 4. (Optional) Click **Overlay** and then repeat step 3.
- 5. (Optional) To save the report so it can be used again, do the following:
  - a. Click **Save**.The Save As dialog opens.
  - b. Type a name in the **File name** field.
  - c. (Optional) Select Save as read only, preventing further editing, if required.
  - d. Click Save.

The name of the report shows in the title bar of the dialog. The report template is saved as a drt file. The template contains the settings for both of the tabs.

6. Click Close.

The dialog closes. Any report that is printed during this session of the BioPhase Analysis software uses this layout.

(Optional) Click File > Print Preview.
 The Print Preview window opens to show the layout from the Report Setup dialog.

## **Print a Report**

**Note:** For a report for the Single tab, if the data is not signed, then the report has a watermark indicating that it is a draft. Reports for the Overlay tab do not include signature information or a watermark.

- 1. Configure the report. Refer to the section: Configure a Report.
- (Optional) Click File > Print Preview to preview the report.
   The Print Preview dialog opens. After reviewing the report, close the dialog.

**Note:** The Print Preview dialog only shows the report for the current file.

- 3. Print the report. Do any of the following:
  - To print the current file, click **File > Print**.

#### Work with the Results

- To print the selected files in the Files pane, right-click and then select **Print** (checked).
- To print all of the open files, right-click and then select **Print (all)**.

The Print dialog opens.

4. Select a printer and then click **Print**. The report is printed.

**Note:** If the report does not print, save the report as a PDF and then print it from a PDF viewer. Refer to the section: Save a Report as a PDF.

## Save a Report as a PDF

**Note:** For a report for the Single tab, if the data is not signed, then the report has a watermark indicating that it is a draft. Reports for the Overlay tab do not include signature information or a watermark.

- 1. Configure the layout for the report. Refer to the section: Configure a Report.
- 2. Click File > Save Report.

If the Single tab is frontmost, then the report is saved as a PDF in the folder with the data file. The name of the report is the same as the name of the data file.

If the Overlay tab is on top, then a dialog asking where to save the report opens. Browse to the location to save the report, type a name for it, and then click **Save**.

Maintenance 7





WARNING! Ionizing Radiation Hazard, Biohazard, or Toxic Chemical Hazard. Determine whether decontamination is required before cleaning or maintenance. If radioactive materials, biological agents, or toxic chemicals have been used with the system, then the customer must decontaminate the system before cleaning or maintenance.

#### Clean the Surfaces

Clean the external surfaces of the system after a spill or when they become dirty.

#### **Required Materials**

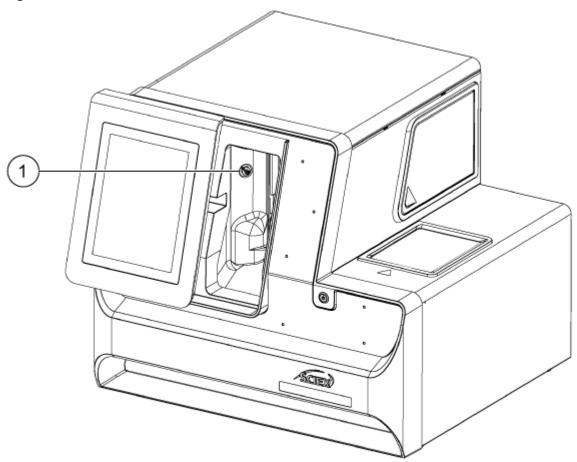
- Soft cloth
- 1. Use a soft, damp cloth to clean the surfaces of the system.
- 2. Use a soft, dry cloth to remove any moisture from the surfaces.

## Add Capillary Cartridge Coolant

#### **Required Materials**

- Capillary cartridge coolant (PN 359976)
- Fill tool (PN 144647)
- 1. Examine the level of the coolant on the BioPhase 8800 system front panel. If the cartridge coolant level is **red**, then add coolant.
- 2. Move the panel to the left to get access to the coolant fill port.
- 3. Attach the fill tool to the port.
- 4. Hold up the end of the syringe and slowly fill the syringe with coolant while monitoring the indicator until the required fill level is reached.
- 5. Allow the syringe to drain.
- 6. Repeat steps 4and 5 until the cartridge coolant level is **green**.

Figure 7-1 Coolant Fill Port



Item	Description
1	Coolant fill port

# **Clean the Sample Lid**

Remove and inspect the sample lid periodically. Clean the sample lid if necessary.

#### **Required Materials**

- Wet cloth
- Dry cloth
- (Optional) Tissues

1. On the front panel, touch **Eject Sample** or **Eject Reagent** to initiate the command to eject the reagent or sample plate.

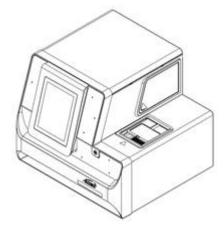
The plate compartment cover opens automatically to show the sample compartment.

Figure 7-2 Sample Compartment Open



- 2. If there are plates installed, then remove them.
- 3. Grasp the sample lid by the edge and then pull it completely out from beneath the plate compartment cover.

Figure 7-3 Sample Lid Removal



4. Remove the floating cover from the lid.

Figure 7-4 Floating Cover Removal



- 5. Clean the bottom of both with a wet cloth or tissue and then dry with a dry cloth or tissue.
- 6. Install the floating cover on the lid and then install the lid in the instrument compartment by pushing it all the way into the slot.

Figure 7-5 Sample Lid and Floating Cover



- 7. Push the sample lid in until it clicks into position.
- 8. Install the plates removed in step 1.

### Install a UV Filter

The UV detector is supplied with two filters: 220 nm and 280 nm. If a different filter is necessary, one or both of the filters can be replaced. Refer to the table: Table 9-1.

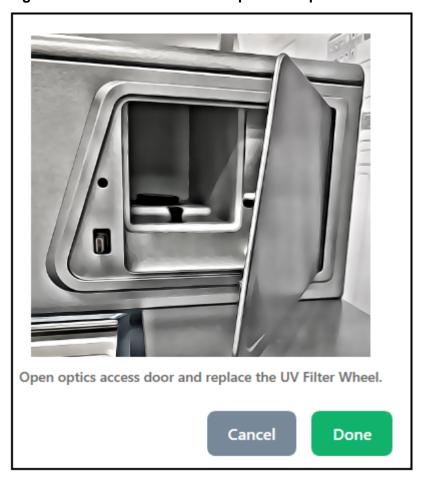
#### **Required Materials**

- Filter
- Powder-free gloves
- 1. On the front panel, do the following:
  - a. Touch **Direct Control** to open the Direct Control screen.
  - b. Touch Wavelength Settings.

**Figure 7-6 Wavelength Settings Button** 



c. Touch Replace Filter to replace the filter. The Replace Filter button is disabled if UV Filter 1 and UV Filter 2 values are not entered. window opens with an image and instructions.



**Figure 7-7 Access Door for the Optics Compartment** 

2. On the instrument, push in the lower left corner to unlock and pull open the access door for the optics compartment.

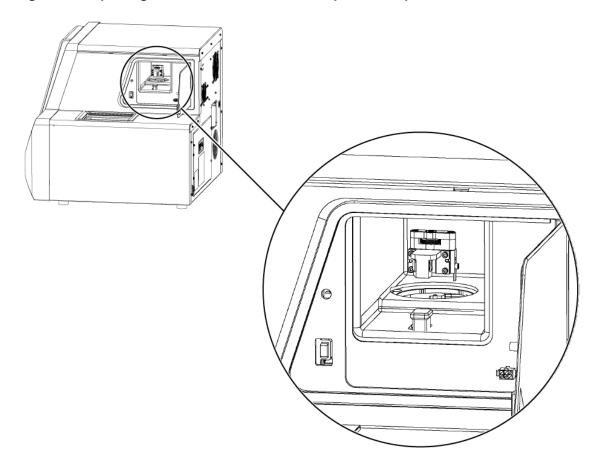
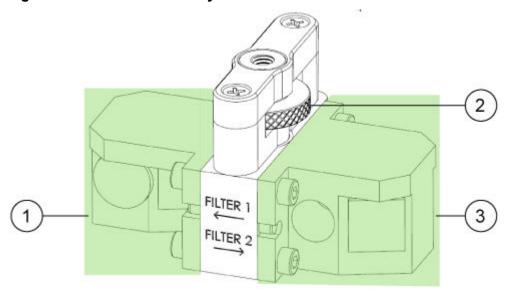


Figure 7-8 Opening the Access Door for the Optics Compartment

CAUTION: Potential Data Loss. Do not open the access door for the optics compartment during a run. If the door opens, then the voltage system and light source turn off and the separation might be compromised.

- 3. Remove the round cover and the filter assembly.
- 4. Turn the thumbscrew counterclockwise to loosen it, and then remove the filter assembly.

Figure 7-9 UV Filter Assembly



Item	Description
1	UV filter 1
2	Thumbscrew
3	UV filter 2

- 5. Install the filter assembly.
- 6. Turn the thumbscrew clockwise to tighten it.
- 7. Install the round cover.
- 8. Close the access door for the optics compartment.
- 9. On the front panel, touch **Done**.
- 10. On the front panel, update the filter information:
  - a. Type a UV wavelength and serial number for UV filter 1.
  - b. Type a UV wavelength and serial number for UV filter 2.
  - Touch **Done**.
     The UV filter data has been changed successfully.

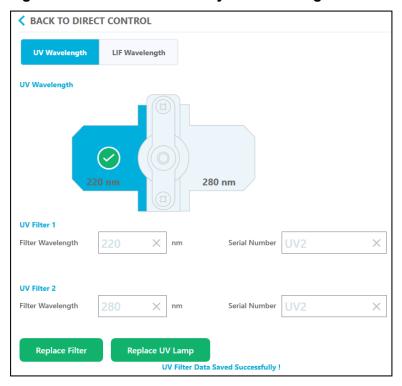


Figure 7-10 UV Filter Assembly Saved Changes

## **Install a UV Lamp**

The UV lamp is used by the UV detector. If the baseline is excessively noisy or the lamp will not illuminate, it might be necessary to replace the lamp.

#### **Required Materials**

- UV lamp
- Powder-free gloves



WARNING! Hot Surface Hazard. Before replacing a lamp, allow sufficient time for the lamp to cool thoroughly. A hot lamp will cause burns.

- 1. On the front panel, do the following:
  - a. Touch **Direct Control** to open the Direct Control screen.
  - b. Touch Wavelength Settings.

Figure 7-11 Wavelength Settings Button



c. Touch **Replace UV Lamp** to replace the UV lamp. A window opens with an image and instructions.

Figure 7-12 Access Door for the Optics Compartment



2. On the instrument, push in the lower left corner to unlock and pull open the access door for the optics compartment.

A safety interlock turns off power to the lamp when the access door is opened.

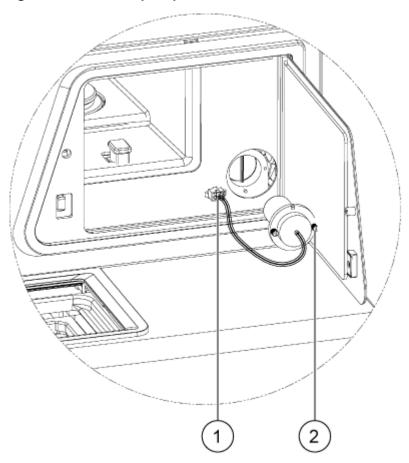


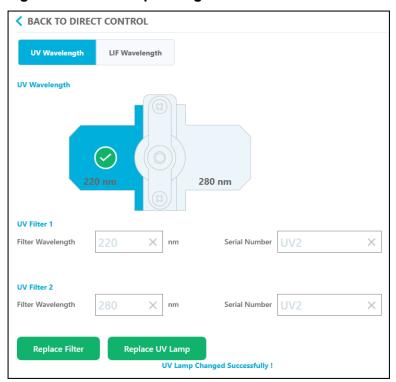
Figure 7-13 UV Lamp Replacement

Item	Description
1	Lamp plug
2	Thumbscrew

- 3. Wait for the lamp to cool before removing it.
- 4. Press the side tabs of the connector to disconnect it from the panel.
- 5. Loosen the captive thumbscrews and press the connector latching tab.
- 6. Remove the lamp.
- 7. Install the new lamp, aligning the pin with the notch.
- 8. Tighten the captive thumbscrews.
- 9. Install the connector.

- Close the access door for the optics compartment.
   A safety interlock turns on power to the lamp when the access door is closed.
- On the front panel, touch **Done**.
   The UV lamp has been changed successfully.

Figure 7-14 UV Lamp Changed



12. If required, touch the **UV Lamp** button on the ribbon.

The lamp turns on and the timer counts down to indicate the remaining time before the lamp is ready.

#### Install the LIF Detector Filters

The LIF detector is supplied with two filters: a notch filter that blocks light at 488 nm and an emission filter that transmits light at 520 nm. The filters are installed in a filter holder. If a new filter is required, then the full filter holder must be purchased.

#### **Required Materials**

- Filter holder (PN 5066941)
- Powder-free gloves
- 1. On the front panel, do the following:
  - a. Touch **Direct Control** to open the Direct Control screen.
  - b. Touch Wavelength Settings.

Figure 7-15 Wavelength Settings Button



- c. Touch LIF Wavelength.
- d. Touch Replace Filter.A window opens with an image and instructions.



Figure 7-16 Access Door for the Optics Compartment

2. On the instrument, push in the lower left corner to unlock and pull open the access door for the optics compartment.

A safety interlock turns off power to the laser when the access door is opened.

CAUTION: Potential Data Loss. Do not open the access door for the optics compartment during a run. If the door opens, then the voltage system and light source turn off and the separation might be compromised.

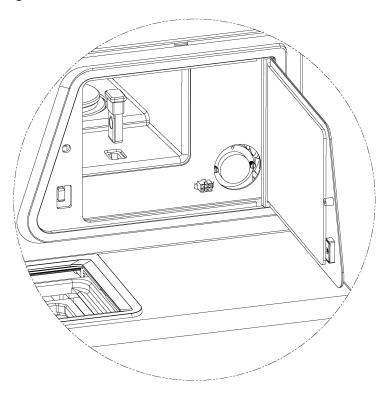
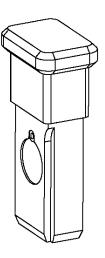


Figure 7-17 Remove the LIF Filter Holder

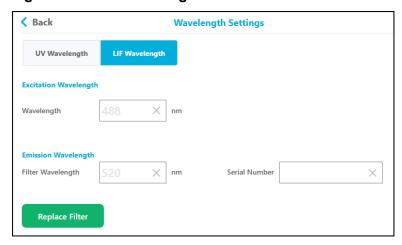
- 3. Remove the filter and holder.
- 4. Install a new filter and holder.

Figure 7-18 LIF Filter Holder



- 5. Touch Done.
- 6. On the front panel, update the LIF filter information:
  - a. Type a filter wavelength and serial number for the LIF emission filter.
  - b. Touch **Done**.The LIF filter has been changed successfully.

Figure 7-19 LIF Wavelength



#### Calibrate the LIF Detector

**Note:** This feature is provided for legacy purposes only. SCIEX does not recommended using this procedure for use with the BioPhase 8800 system.

Laser Induced fluorescence (LIF) detection systems can give different responses if changes are made to the optical path, such as installing a different cartridge or running the separation on a different system. Therefore, results for the LIF detector are expressed in relative fluorescence units (RFU) instead of lumens or another unit of measure.

A function for calibrating the LIF detector is available from the BioPhase 8800 front panel. The calibration uses a SCIEX-supplied calibration solution to correct for these influences.

#### **Required Materials**

- LIF Performance Test Mixture
- Capillary Performance Run Buffer A
- 1. Add 1 mL of LIF Performance Test Mixture and 1 mL of Capillary Performance Run Buffer A to a vial to make a 2 mL solution.
- 2. Using a pipette, add 200  $\mu$ L of the reagents to the sample inlet plate as listed in the following table.

**Table 7-1 Calibration Reagents in Sample Inlet Plate** 

Column	Reagent
1	(Leave empty)
2	Capillary Performance Run Buffer A
3	Capillary Performance Run Buffer A
4	Diluted LIF Performance Test Mixture
5 through 12	(Leave empty)

3. Using a pipette, add 1.5 mL of Capillary Performance Run Buffer A to the wells in columns 2 through 4 of the sample outlet plate.

Do not add anything to the wells in column 1 or columns 5 though 12.

- 4. Put the sample plates in the system.
- 5. On the front panel, touch **Calibration**.

Figure 7-20 Calibration Button



6. In the **Target RFU** field, type 40, and then touch **Start Calibration**.

**Note:** To calibrate the LIF detector response to match results from a PA 800 Plus system, use the **Target RFU value** entered in the LIF Calibration Wizard in the 32 Karat and the PA 800 Plus controller.

The sequence run screen is shown. The calibration takes approximately 12 minutes. When the calibration is complete, a message opens.

7. Touch OK.

The run sequence window opens.

- 8. Review the results:
  - a. On the front panel, touch Calibration.
  - b. Review the values in the **New Factors** column. The values should be between 0.5 and 2.0.
  - c. Touch Save Calibration.

If the values are out of range, the user can accept the new factors or repeat the calibration.

Use a new sample plate if repeating the calibration.

### Replace the Fuse



WARNING! Fire Hazard or Electrical Shock Hazard. Before replacing fuses, turn off the power and disconnect the system from the mains supply. Replace a fuse only with a fuse of the correct type and rating. Failure to follow these guidelines might result in fire, electric shock, or instrument malfunction.

#### **Required Materials**

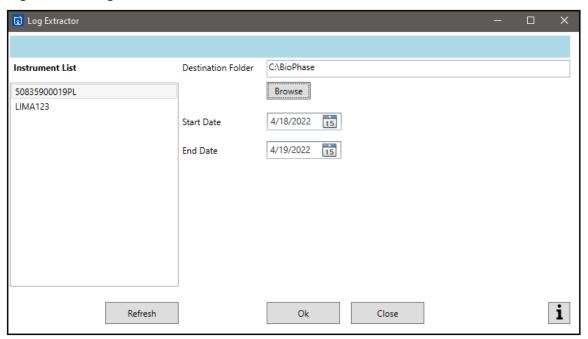
- 10 A 250 V fuse, marked T10A250V
- Small, flat-bladed screwdriver
- 1. Turn off the power to the system.
- 2. Disconnect the mains supply cable from the power outlet and from the back of the system.
- 3. Use a small flat-bladed screwdriver to remove the fuse holder located above the connector for the mains supply cable.
- 4. Remove the fuse from the fuse-carrier assembly.
- 5. Install the fuse in the fuse-carrier assembly and then install the assembly in the system.
- 6. Connect the mains supply cable to the back of the system and the power outlet.
- 7. Turn on the power to the system.
- 8. On the Windows desktop, open the BioPhase software and then log on to the software.
- If the system does not operate normally or if the fuse blows again, then contact sciex.com/ request-support.

## **Export the System Log**

The BioPhase Log File Extractor software is a utility to export the log from a BioPhase 8800 system. SCIEX Technical Support might request this log to help troubleshoot issues with the system.

On the desktop, double-click the BioPhase Log File Extractor icon.
 The BioPhase Log File Extractor software opens. On the left is a list of BioPhase 8800 systems.

Figure 7-21 Log Extractor Window



- 2. In the list on the left, click the BioPhase 8800 system with the log to be exported. Click **Refresh** to refresh the instrument list.
- 3. For **Destination Folder**, click **Browse** to select the folder for the exported log.
- 4. (Optional) To select a range to be exported, click **Select a date** and select the first and last dates for the range.
- Click **OK**.
   The results are exported to an XML file with the txt file extension.

# **Project Management Software**

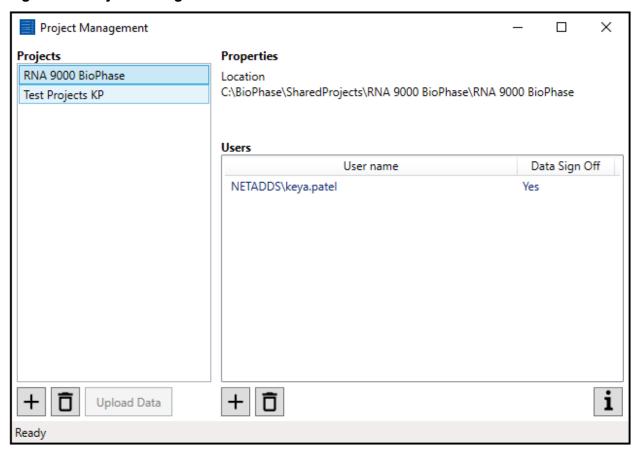
8

The Project Management software is used to make projects available on the BioPhase 8800 system, to give the user the permission to access projects, and to give the user sign-off authorization.

The Project Management software can use project folders in both the local computer and network configurations.

- To use the Project Management software in a local computer configuration, the user must have login credentials for the local computer. Projects are kept on the local computer.
- To use the Project Management software in a network configuration, the user must have login credentials for the domain isolator and permission to access the customer network. Projects are kept in user-designated project folders on the network.

**Figure 8-1 Project Management Software** 



**Table 8-1 Lists and Functions** 

Label	Description
Projects	Shows the available projects.
Properties	Shows the location of the selected project.
Users	Shows the users associated with the selected project. The columns in the list are:
	Username: Shows the user name for the user.
	Data Sign Off: Shows whether the user is authorized to sign data electronically for the project.
+	Click to add a project in the <b>Projects</b> list.

Table 8-1 Lists and Functions (continued)

Label	Description
Ō	Click to delete a project in the <b>Projects</b> list.
Upload Data	Click to manually upload the data from the Project Management software to the main server. Refer to the section: Upload Data.
+	Click to add a user in the <b>Users</b> list.
Ō	Click to delete a user in the <b>Users</b> list.
i	Click to view the Project Management software information.

## Add a Project Folder in File Explorer

This task is typically done by the lab manager or administrator.

- Open File Explorer.
- 2. Type the file path, in the search field: C:/BioPhase/Projects and then press Enter.
- 3. Click **New Folder** and then type the name of the project for the folder name. In the BioPhase software, the new project folder is shown.

### Make a Project Available on the System

Use this procedure to make a project available on the BioPhase 8800 system.

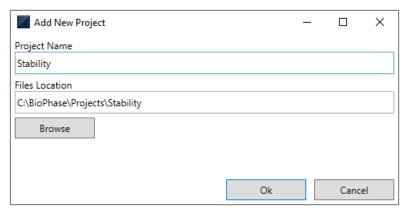
- 1. Open the Project Management software.
- 2. At the bottom of the **Projects** list, click The Add New Project dialog opens.
- 3. To find the existing project, click **Browse** and then look for and select the project folder.

**Note:** If the project is located on a mapped network drive, use the full path to the folder in the **Files Location**. If the mapped drive name is used instead of the full path, then there might be problems accessing the projects.

In the Project Name field, type the name of the project.

Tip! Use the same name as the existing project folder.

#### Figure 8-2 Add New Project Dialog



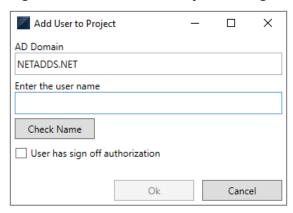
- Click Ok.
   The Add New Project dialog closes and the project is shown in the Projects list.
- 6. To give a user access to the project, add them to the project. Refer to the section: Add a User to a Project.

## Add a User to a Project

Use this procedure to add a user to a project.

- 1. Open the Project Management software.
- 2. In the **Projects** list, click a project.
- 3. At the bottom of the **Users** list, click +. The Add User to Project dialog opens.

Figure 8-3 Add User to Project Dialog



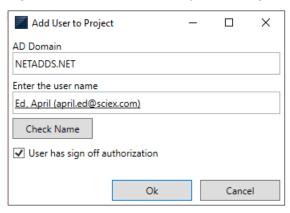
4. In the **Enter the user name** field, type the name of the user who should be given access to the project.

This is the same user name that is used to log on to the computer.

5. Click Check Name.

If the user name is found, the **Enter the user name** field is updated with additional information.

Figure 8-4 Add User to Project Dialog



- 6. To give the user sign-off authorization, click **User has sign off authorization**.
- 7. Click Ok.

The Add User to Project dialog closes and the name of the user who was added shows in the **Users** list.

## Delete Access to a Project on the System

Use this procedure to delete all user access to a project.

- 1. In the **Projects** list, click a project.
- 2. At the bottom of the **Projects** list, click .
- 3. In the warning dialog, click Yes.

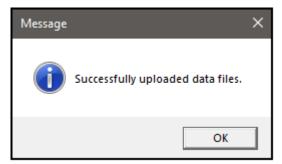
Note: This procedure deletes user access to a folder. The project folder is not deleted.

## **Upload Data**

The Project Management **Upload Data File** feature is used to manually upload the data from the Project Management software to main server when the data connection between the domain isolator and instrument is lost.

Note: Upload Data button is disabled if there is no archived data.

- If the data connection between domain isolator and front panel is lost, wait for the sequence run to be completed.
- 2. Restart the computer and open the Project Management software.
- 3. From the Project Management homepage, click **Upload Data** to upload the archived data to the main server.
- 4. Click OK on the Message dialog.



## **Delete a User from a Project**

Use this procedure to delete a user from a project.

- 1. In the **Projects** list, click a project.
- 2. In the **Users** list, click a user associated with the project.
- 3. At the bottom of the **Users** list, click .

  The deleted user cannot get access to the project on the BioPhase 8800 system front panel.

## **Confirm Project Setup**

- 1. On the BioPhase 8800 system, log in with the credentials of a user who has been assigned to a project.
- On the front panel, touch Run Sequence.
   The list of projects is shown in the blue panel on the left side of the Run Sequence window.
- 3. Click to refresh the **Projects** list.
- 4. Make sure that the assigned projects show. If the assigned projects do not show, log off the system, and then do the following steps.
- Touch Log off.
- 6. Log on as a user with Administrator privileges. In the Login dialog:
  - a. In the **Username** field, type admin.
  - b. In the **Passcode** field, type **password**.
  - c. Touch Log In.
- 7. Touch **Configuration**.

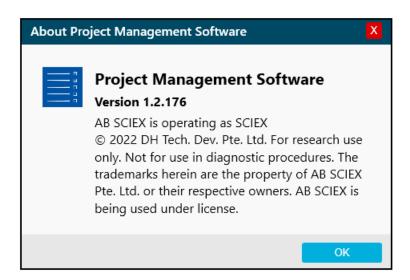
**Note:** The **Configuration** button is only enabled for users who have Administrator privileges.

- Touch Save.
- 9. Touch Log off.
- 10. Do steps 1 through 4 again.

## **View the Project Management Software Version**

Use this procedure to view the Project Management software version.

- 1. Open the Project Management software.
- 2. At the bottom of the **Users** list, click i. The About Project Management Software dialog opens.



3. Click **OK** to close the dialog.

Order Parts 9

Order parts from SCIEX in any of the following ways:

• **Telephone:** (877) 740-2129, Option 1 (toll-free, United States only), or go to sciex.com/contact-us to find a local office.

• E-mail: Sales.Americas@sciex.com

• **Fax:** (800) 343-1346

• **Internet:** For customers in the United States, United Kingdom, and Germany order from store.sciex.com.

# **Cartridges and Parts**

Part Number	Description
359976	Capillary cartridge coolant, 450 mL
5080311	BioPhase Chemistry Plate Kit (4 sample plates, 4 reagent plates, 8 outlet plates)
5080313	BioPhase sample plates (20 plates)
5080314	BioPhase reagent plates (20 plates)
5080315	BioPhase outlet plates (20 plates)
5080121	Cartridge, 8 capillaries, 30 cm long, 360 µm o.d., 50 µm i.d., bare-fused silica capillary
5080119	Cartridge, 8 capillaries, 30 cm long, 360 µm o.d., neutral capillary

#### **Table 9-1 Filters**

Part Number	Description
5085153	UV filter assembly with 220 nm and 280 nm filters
5066890	UV filter, 220 nm
5072643	UV filter, 280 nm
5085159	LIF filter holder with 520 nm filter
5085178	LIF filter holder with 560 nm filter

#### **Order Parts**

#### **Table 9-1 Filters (continued)**

Part Number	Description
5085177	LIF filter holder with 600 nm filter

#### Table 9-2 Lamp

Part Number	Description
5065163	Deuterium lamp



# **Instrument Specifications**

Dimensions (H × W × D)	72 cm x 62 cm x 69 cm (28.2 in. × 24.4 in. × 27.2 in.)
Weight	90.9 kg (200 lb)
Electrical	Power requirement: 100 VAC to 240 VAC, 10 A, 50 Hz or 60 Hz, Class I
	Power consumption: supply voltage must not exceed 10% of nominal
	Fuses:
	• T10 A
	• 250 V
	Installation (overvoltage) category: Category II
Working environment	Altitude: ≤ 2,000 m (6,562 ft) above sea level
	Humidity: < 70% (noncondensing) at 30 °C
	Temperature: 15 °C to 30 °C (59 °F to 86 °F) recommended
Maximum heat dissipation	600 W (2,047 BTU/hr) under steady-state conditions
Maximum sound pressure	70 dB
	Maximum pressure at 1 m: 66 dB

# **Detector Specifications**

### **UV Detector Specifications**

Available filters	220 nm and 280 nm
Filter bandwidth	25 nm nominal

UV source	33 W pre-aligned deuterium lamp
UV source lifetime	1,000 hours

### (Optional) LIF Detector Specifications

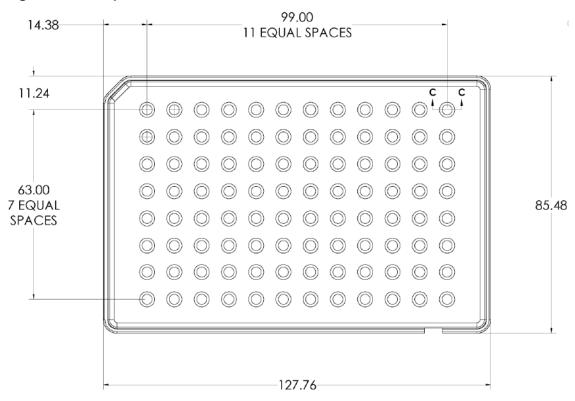
Baseline drift	< 0.2 RFU per hour
Baseline noise	< 0.005 RFU peak to peak, for an OPCAL with probe guide/lens
Dynamic range (at a setting of 1,000)	> 10 <sup>4</sup>
Default filters	488 nm notch filter (to block excitation wavelength) and 520 nm bandpass filter
Laser	3 mW, 488 nm solid state
Laser life span	10,000 hours
RFU range	0 RFU to 1,000 RFU
Sensitivity	1 × 10 <sup>11</sup> M sodium fluorescein with signal-to-noise > 2
Wavelength range for optics	Excitation: 488 nm  Detection: 500 nm to 750 nm (filter dependent)

# **Plate Specifications**

This section describes how to configure the liquid-handling system to operate with the sample, reagent, and outlet plates.

#### Sample Plate Specifications

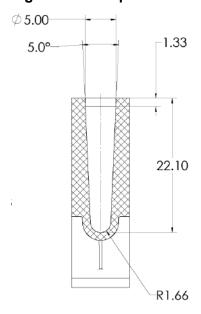
To configure the liquid-handling system to operate with the sample plates, use the dimensions in the following figures. The sample plate conforms to ANSI Society for Laboratory Automation and Screening (SLAS) standards.



**Figure A-1 Sample Plate Dimensions** 

Dimension	Value
Left edge to center of well A1	14.38 mm
Top edge to center of well A1	11.24 mm
Length at base	127.76 mm
Width at base	85.48 mm

Figure A-2 Sample Plate Well Cross-Section Dimensions



Dimension	Value
Well depth	22.10 mm
Well size at opening	5.00 mm
Pitch between wells	9.00 mm

Figure A-3 Sample Plate Side View Dimensions

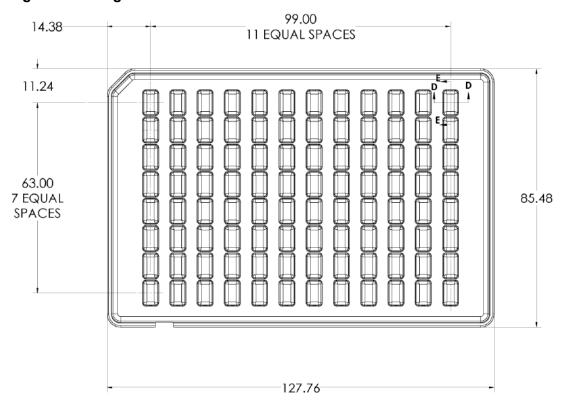


Dimension	Value
Overall height	31.25 mm

## **Reagent Plate Specifications**

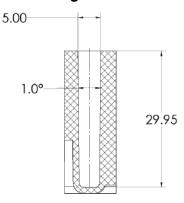
To configure the liquid-handling system to operate with the reagent plates, use the dimensions in the following figures.

**Figure A-4 Reagent Plate Dimensions** 



Dimension	Value
Left edge to center of well A1	14.38 mm
Top edge to center of well A1	11.24 mm
Length at base	127.76 mm
Width at base	85.48 mm

Figure A-5 Reagent Plate Well Cross-Section Dimensions



Dimension	Value
Well depth	29.95 mm
Well size at opening	5.00 × 8.27 mm
Pitch between wells	9.00 mm

Figure A-6 Reagent Plate Side View Dimensions

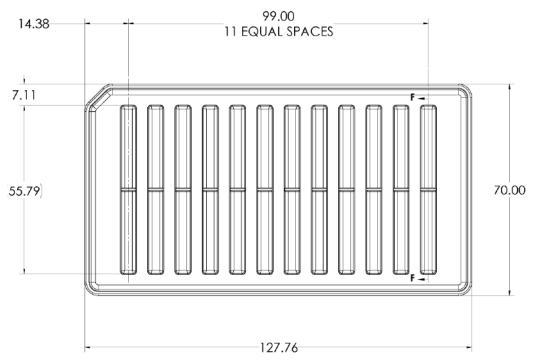


Dimension	Value
Overall height	31.25 mm

### **Outlet Plate Specifications**

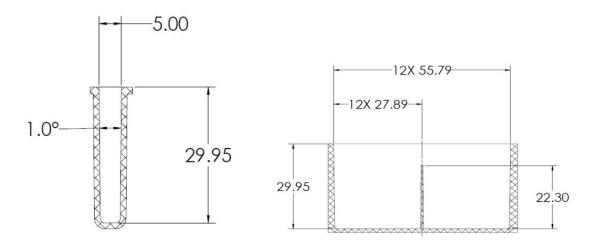
To configure the liquid-handling system to operate with the outlet plates, use the dimensions in the following figures.

**Figure A-7 Outlet Plate Dimensions** 



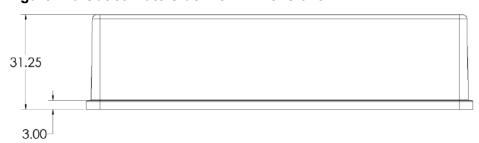
Dimension	Value
Left edge to center of column 1	14.38 mm
Top edge to top edge of well	7.11 mm
Length at base	127.76 mm
Width at base	70.00 mm

Figure A-8 Outlet Plate Well Cross-Section and Side-Section Dimensions



Dimension	Value
Well depth	29.95 mm
Well size at opening	5.00 × 55.79 mm
Pitch between wells	9.00 mm

Figure A-9 Outlet Plate Side View Dimensions



Dimension	Value
Overall height	31.25 mm

**Glossary of Symbols** 

B

**Note:** Not all of the symbols in the following table are applicable to every instrument.

Symbol	Description
	Australian Regulatory Compliance Mark. Indicates that the product complies with Australian Communications Media Authority (ACMA) EMC Requirements.
$\sim$	Alternating current
А	Amperes (current)
	Asphyxiation Hazard
EC REP	Authorized representative in the European community
	Biohazard
CE	CE Marking of Conformity
C US	cCSAus mark. Indicates electrical safety certification for Canada and USA.
REF	Catalog number

Symbol	Description
<u> </u>	Caution. Consult the instructions for information about a possible hazard.  Note: In SCIEX documentation, this symbol identifies a personal injury hazard.
(1) (2) (51)	China RoHS Caution Label. The electronic information product contains certain toxic or hazardous substances. The center number is the Environmentally Friendly Use Period (EFUP) date, and indicates the number of calendar years the product can be in operation. Upon the expiration of the EFUP, the product must be immediately recycled. The circling arrows indicate the product is recyclable. The date code on the label or product indicates the date of manufacture.
(1)	China RoHS logo. The device does not contain toxic and hazardous substances or elements above the maximum concentration values and it is an environmentally-friendly product that can be recycled and reused.
[]i	Consult instructions for use.
	Crushing Hazard
C RATH American US	cTUVus mark for TUV Rheinland of North America
	Data Matrix symbol that can be scanned by a barcode reader to obtain a unique device identifier (UDI)
	Environmental Hazard
츅	Ethernet connection

Symbol	Description
	Explosion Hazard
	Eye Injury Hazard
	Fire Hazard
	Flammable Chemical Hazard
Ţ	Fragile
-	Fuse
Hz	Hertz
<u>A</u>	International safety symbol "Caution, risk of electric shock" (ISO 3864), also known as High Voltage symbol If the main cover must be removed, then contact a SCIEX representative to prevent electric shock.
	Hot Surface Hazard
IVD	In Vitro Diagnostic Device
A	Ionizing Radiation Hazard

#### **Glossary of Symbols**

Symbol	Description
#	Keep dry.
	Do not expose to rain.
	Relative humidity must not exceed 99%.
<u>11</u>	Keep upright.
	Lacerate/Sever Hazard
	Laser Radiation Hazard
	Lifting Hazard
	Magnetic Hazard
	Manufacturer
A	Moving Parts Hazard
	Pacemaker Hazard. No access to people with pacemakers.
	Pinching Hazard

Symbol	Description
	Pressurized Gas Hazard
	Protective Earth (ground)
	Puncture Hazard
<b>A</b>	Reactive Chemical Hazard
SN	Serial number
	Toxic Chemical Hazard
103 kP	Transport and store the system within 66 kPa to 103 kPa.
75 kPa	Transport and store the system within 75 kPa to 101 kPa.
min% 500 max%	Transport and store the system within the specified minimum ( <b>min</b> ) and maximum ( <b>max</b> ) levels of relative humidity, noncondensing.
-30	Transport and store the system within –30 °C to +45 °C.
-30°C	Transport and store the system within –30 °C to +60 °C.

#### **Glossary of Symbols**

Symbol	Description
<b>◆</b>	USB 2.0 connection
ss <del>(</del> →	USB 3.0 connection
	Ultraviolet Radiation Hazard
CA	United Kingdom Conformity Assessment Mark
VA	Volt Ampere (power)
V	Volts (voltage)
	WEEE. Do not dispose of equipment as unsorted municipal waste. Environmental Hazard
W	Watts
سا	yyyy-mm-dd Date of manufacture

**Glossary of Warnings** 

C

**Note:** If any of the labels used to identify a component become detached, contact a Field Service Employee (FSE).

Label	Translation (if applicable)	
EN61326—1, EN61326—2-6, CLASS A, GROUP 1, ISM EQUIPMENT	EN61326—1, EN61326—2-6, CLASS A, GROUP 1, ISM EQUIPMENT	
FCC Compliance. This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.	FCC Compliance. This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.	
FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.	FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.	
WARNING: Lifting Hazard.	WARNING: Lifting Hazard.	
FOUR PERSONS REQUIRED TO LIFT THIS EQUIPMENT.	FOUR PERSONS REQUIRED TO LIFT THIS EQUIPMENT.	
WARNING: NO USER SERVICEABLE PARTS INSIDE. REFER SERVICING TO QUALIFIED PERSONNEL.	WARNING: NO USER SERVICEABLE PARTS INSIDE. REFER SERVICING TO QUALIFIED PERSONNEL.	
	Note: Consult instructions for use.	
WARNING: CANCER AND REPRODUCTIVE HARM.	WARNING: CANCER AND REPRODUCTIVE HARM.	
www.P65Warnings.ca.gov	www.P65Warnings.ca.gov	

### **Contact Us**

## **Customer Training**

- In North America: NA.CustomerTraining@sciex.com
- In Europe: Europe.CustomerTraining@sciex.com
- Outside the EU and North America, visit sciex.com/education for contact information.

## **Online Learning Center**

SCIEX Now Learning Hub

### **Purchase Supplies and Reagents**

Reorder SCIEX supplies and reagents online at store.sciex.com. To set up an order, use the account number, found on the quote, order confirmation, or shipping documents. Currently, customers in the United States, United Kingdom, and Germany have access to the online store, but access will be extended to other countries in the future. For customers in other countries, contact a local SCIEX representative.

## **SCIEX Support**

SCIEX and its representatives maintain a staff of fully-trained service and technical specialists located throughout the world. They can answer questions about the system or any technical issues that might arise. For more information, visit the SCIEX website at sciex.com or contact us in one of the following ways:

- · sciex.com/contact-us
- · sciex.com/request-support

## **CyberSecurity**

For the latest guidance on cybersecurity for SCIEX products, visit sciex.com/productsecurity.

#### **Documentation**

This version of the document supercedes all previous versions of this document.

To view this document electronically, Adobe Acrobat Reader is required. To download the latest version, go to https://get.adobe.com/reader.

To find software product documentation, refer to the release notes or software installation guide that comes with the software.

To find hardware product documentation, refer to the documentation DVD for the system or component.

The latest versions of the documentation are available on the SCIEX website, at sciex.com/customer-documents.

**Note:** To request a free, printed version of this document, contact sciex.com/contact-us.